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BRANCH OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. XXV NO. 147 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Four-Power Parleys Break Down

Nazi Cry For Blood Of "Reds" In Spain

LEIPZIG INCIDENT LEADS TO NEW CRISIS

Hitler Holds Conference With High Command

LONDON, June 22.

It is understood that negotiations between Britain, France, Germany and Italy regarding the Leipzig incidents have broken off

A Foreign Office Communique states that at today's meeting of the Powers it was unfortunately found impossible to reach an agreement on the measures which should be adopted.

On the one hand it was considered that while proposals should be frankly examined for increasing the security of ships of the Four Powers on patrol, an enquiry into the circumstances of incidents should precede any steps directed against the Spanish Party involved.

On the other hand the facts were regarded as being clearly established and the incidents were considered to require immediate active steps in order to maintain the solidarity of the Powers and forestall the recurrence of such incidents.

The proposal whereon agreement could not be reached was that immediate naval demonstration showing the flags of the Four Powers should be held off the coast of Valencia.—Reuter.

German Official Statement

BERLIN: June 22.

An official statement says that the presence of two Spanish submarines in the neighbourhood of Leipzig on the day of attack has been proved.

It adds that the assertion that there were no "Red" submarines at the sea at the time of the attack has been disproved by the fact that two "Red" submarines on June 16 bombarded the Spanish National positions on the coast near Calahonda, east of Malaga. The attacks in the Leipzig incidents occurred on June 15 and 18 in the neighbourhood of Oran, which is half day from Calahonda.—Reuter.

NAZIS DEMAND DRASTIC MEASURES

BERLIN, June 22.

A number of drastic measures including naval demonstrations are suggested in authoritative quarters as penalties against Spanish attempts to damage patrol vessels.

A spokesman, interviewed by Reuter, regretted that German indignation about the Leipzig incident had not been taken as seriously as it should have been. The "Reds" should be punished for repetition and their military position weakened.—Reuter.

BERLIN AND NON-INTERVENTION

Fuhrer Considers London Talks Report

BERLIN: June 22.

It was a busy day of Conferences in Berlin, discussing non-intervention issues. Herr Hitler, Baron von Neurath, Herr von Blomberg, Gen. Goering and Admiral Raeder conferred in the morning and in the afternoon Herr Hitler heard the report of his personal Adjutant Wiedman, who returned from London.

The Cabinet has been called for to-morrow to hear Government's attitude towards the London deliberations.—Reuter.

IF GERMANY TAKES UNILATERAL ACTION

LONDON, June 22.

It is understood that Britain and France wished an enquiry while Germany and Italy desired immediate proof of solidarity of the Four Powers.

Failure to reach an agreement creates a new situation the exact nature of which will depend on whatever unilateral action Germany desires to take. It is hoped that this will not involve a denunciation of the Four Power agreement.

It is pointed out that although on this instance consultations have failed the machinery established by the agreement of June 12 still holds good for future incidents.—Reuter.

GERMAN BID FOR FREEDOM OF ACTION?

BERLIN, June 22.

Herr Hitler has called a Conference of principal advisers regarding the future attitude of Germany towards Non-Intervention in Spain. The failure to reach an agreement in London is regarded as having produced a new, but none-the-less serious situation.

It is denied in official quarters that Germany intends to withdraw from the Non-Intervention Committee, but it is pointed out that she regains' freedom of action, if no understanding reached under the terms of the Four-Powers Agreement.—Reuter.

BRITAIN AND LEIPZIG INCIDENT

Eden's Statement In Commons

LONDON: June 22.

Mr. Eden announced in the House of Commons that Britain did not intend to join any naval demonstrations off Valencia in connection with the Leipzig incident. He expressed the opinion that the principal cause of the unsatisfactory situation in Spain was the presence of non-Spanish nationals among the combatants. The Government had placed its services at the disposal of the Non-Intervention Committee in order to expedite the withdrawal of foreign combatants.

The Four Power discussions over the Liepzig incident were continuing.—Reuter's Special.

ITALY SUPPORTS GERMANY

ROME: June 22.

News of the breakdown of the Four-Power negotiations caused no surprise in Italy.

It is authoritatively stated that Italy stands solidly with Germany in demanding a naval demonstration before the Spanish Government port.—Reuter.

Mixed Reception To Viceroy's Message

HOW CONGRESSMEN LOOK AT IT.

JAWAHAR TO CONSULT MAHATMA

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, June 22.

The Viceroy's message has been received with disappointment in Congress circles here. While Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru declined to make any public statement today, I have reasons to believe that the Congress President is dissatisfied with the statement of the Viceroy. In particular he may have to say some hard things regarding the Viceroy's reference to three months' working of the Constitution with the aid of Interim Ministers.

"BRITISH DIPLOMACY"

"British diplomacy at work" was the remark made by one Congress leader, who emphatically declared no attempt had been made to meet the Congress demands for assurances.

Responsible Congress circles hold that Mahatma Gandhi has not given up the demand contained in the A. I. C. C. resolution passed at Delhi. His subsequent explanations regarding the dismissal and resignation only explain the Delhi resolution and do not abrogate it. The position remains, according to some leading U. P. Congress leaders, unaltered by Gandhiji's subsequent statements.

It is said the Congress President is in consultation with Gandhiji and some pronouncement may be issued only after mutual consultations.

CHALLENGE TO CONGRESS

BOMBAY, June 22.

Interviewed by the "United Press" in connection with the Viceroy's message broadcast last night, Mr. K. F. Nariman, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, said:—

"I have no quarrel with the Viceroy's statement because the present situation is not due to any fault of either the Congress or of this Government; the prime responsibility for it must rest with the original framers of this Act. The statement has only demonstrated once again that even with the maximum goodwill and series of dramatic gestures on one side and with a cart-load of kind words on the other, this political deadlock is not capable of solution, because it is not a mere constitutional or legal 'impasse,' as it is tried to be made out, but there is a fundamental real conflict of political ideologies and economic interests, one desiring to seize and another trying to retain, real powers. Such a conflict is incapable of adjustment by sympathetic sentimentalism."

ONLY SOLUTION.

The only permanent satisfactory and peaceful solution is the one very wisely and recently suggested by an eminent group of British Jurists and statesmen; some prominent M.P.'s of the India League in their latest well-considered statement emphatically declare, that if these legitimate assurances asked for by the Congress cannot be given under the Act, then the Act itself must be ended, and another more suitable and mere acceptable alternative must be found.

We hope this will at least put an end to all these well-intentioned but futile legalistic and constitutional efforts on both sides.

CHALLENGE TO CONGRESS.

Continuing Mr. Nariman said: "Instead of responding to the gestures of goodwill and grasping the hand of fellowship by conceding the Congress demand, both Whitehall and Simla make rather impertinent and impossible counter-demand; they both presume to give the preposterous advice to withdraw the Faizpur resolution of combating and ending the Act, like 'good boys' of the Moderate and Liberal schools, and agree to work the Constitution for what it is worth. It is a challenge and an insult to the Congress and the country, which, I am sure will prick even the most pacifist Congressmen and is enough to transform the most ardent advocate of office acceptance into a confirmed rejector. Such an invitation with a mailed fist must be unceremoniously rejected, and should certainly on the contrary, lead to strengthen and reiterate the Faizpur resolve.

VEILED THREAT.

In conclusion Mr. Nariman said: "The concluding para of the statement containing the veiled threat might well have been spared, because when that threat is put into execution and the Constitution is suspended and the Governors assume power, it will certainly mean the first success for the Congress and it will be the shortest road to wrecking and ending the Act. That will be more honourable, more honest and certainly more manly course than the present undignified and undemocratic subterfuge of stop-gap ministries; then the straight constitutional fight between the Congress and the Government will really begin and so far as India is concerned, there is no doubt that as history and even recent political events in other countries have proved, this gigantic conflict between the most ancient and powerful prerogative on one side and the largest democracy in the world on the other, the cause of the people as usual will triumph in the end because India cannot be an exception to that universal rule."—United Press.

"SOCIALIST ATTITUDE VINDICATED"

BOMBAY: June 22.

Interviewed by the "United Press" on the Viceroy's message, Mr. M. R. Masani said:—

"The Viceroy's statement will be a sad disappointment to those incurable optimists who were still looking forward to his showing a way out of the constitutional deadlock. The Viceroy has badly let down his would-be friends and vindicated the attitude of Congress Socialists.

"Boiled down to its essentials, the statement is definite only on two points. First is the refusal to agree even to Gandhiji's harmless demand 'that in the event of disagreement the Governor should demand the resignation of his Ministers.' The second is the only assurance the whole statement contains and that too is made to the wrong parties! Lord Linlithgow has solemnly assured the British vested interests and the communalists in the country that they need have no apprehension 'that any question will arise of sacrificing their interests for political reasons.'"

Mr. Masani continued that the Viceroy's pronouncement undoubtedly is gushed with goodwill. But what place was there for goodwill where the fundamental clash of economic and political interests was completely ignored? Without willingness to transfer political power to the hands of the Indian people, expressions of goodwill only served to mislead the unwary.

"I particularly welcome the threat," added the Socialist leader, "made by the Viceroy that, should the Congress still decline to walk into his parlour and the constitution has to be suspended, it will not soon be restored. The Congress stands for the complete and permanent suspension of this Constitution and should welcome nothing more than that the Viceroy should do its work for it."

Mr. Masani concluding referred to the Viceroy's appeal for courage and faith. "By all means," said Mr. Masani, "let us of the Congress have courage and faith in our chosen weapon of mass direct action as the only way of securing the complete transfer of political power to the hands of the Indian people."—United Press.

Jawahar-Gandhi Consultations On Next Step

Statement, A Challenge To Congress, Says Nariman

SATYAMURTI'S HOPES!

BANGALORE, June 22.

"I would rather not say anything on the Governor-General's statement. Of course, I have read it carefully. I propose to communicate my views as early as possible to Mahatma Gandhi, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari," declared Mr. S. Satyamurti, Deputy Leader of the Congress Party in the Central Legislative Assembly, in an interview to the Associated Press.

Continuing Mr. Satyamurti said, I need only say this now. I hope that as a result of the now inevitable discussions between the Governors and Leaders of the Congress Parties in the six provinces, it will be found possible for the Congress majorities to accept office under honourable conditions. The Congress Working Committee have to consider not only this question but the position of the Congress Parties in the Legislatures in the five other provinces.

Mr. Satyamurti had an interview with H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore this morning.—A.P.

"Breaths Spirit Of Friendly Approach"

NEW DELHI: June 22.

"Of all the official pronouncements on constitutional issues arising out of the dead-lock, that of the Governor-General aims at precision and perspicuity", declared Mr. Asaf Ali, M.L.A., Secretary of the Congress Party, Central Assembly, when interviewed by the Associated Press.

Speaking in his personal capacity, Mr. Asaf Ali said that Lord Linlithgow's comprehensive survey of the problem was definitely helpful in reducing the margin of definable points to the narrowest limit, and consequently the determination of the attitude of Congress had been made easier.

Mr. Asaf Ali concluded, "on the whole, the Governor-General's message, while too inelastic in some respects, generally breaths the spirit of a friendly approach."—A. P.

"BOUNTIFUL PRONOUNCEMENT"

NAGPUR, June 22.

"If you want conciliation, it is there. If you want threats, they are there," said Dr. Khare, Central Provinces Congress leader, in an interview on the Viceroy's statement.

"It admits the shortcomings of the Government of India Act, and yet extols it," continued Dr. Khare. "The propriety of the demand for assurances and the futility of it are both there. It pleads for acceptance of the Constitution as it is, and by stating that politics are ever dynamic, hints that dynamic changes demand dynamic action. It reiterates the assurances given by Lord Zetland and Mr. Butler and various provincial Governors, and with regard to the latest point raised by Gandhiji it states with much hesitation that Governors will not hesitate to dismiss their Ministers when there is serious disagreement on major issues."

"This bountiful pronouncement," concluded Dr. Khare, "attempts to be all things to all men."

The local newspapers publish the Viceroy's message but reserve their comments.—A.P.

NON-CONGRESS AND PRO-GOVT. VIEWS

BANGALORE, June 22.

"It is a very lucid, well reasoned, eloquent appeal and what is more it comes from the heart of a genuine friend of the country," declared Sir Mirza Ismail, Dewan of Mysore, interviewed by the Associated Press on the Viceroy's message.

Sir Mirza added: "I should be surprised if Mahatma Gandhi's response to it was not equally cordial. I do not know what more the Viceroy could possibly or usefully have said. I venture to think that the Congress should have no hesitation in accepting so cordial an invitation."—A.P.

RAGHAVENDRA RAO'S ADVICE TO CONGRESS

PACHMARHI, June 22.

"The Viceroy's statement to India is pregnant with political wisdom of a high order which the Congress Party will do well to ponder over" said the Hon. Mr. Raghavendra Rao, Chief Minister of the Central Provinces, when interviewed by the Associated Press.

"There is something more formidable than the law of any Constitution and it is the prudence of those, who work it. The Party should no longer insist on assurances of a legalistic nature. The Viceroy more than meets the assurances asked for by Gandhiji in his Tithal interview. I hope and trust the Working Committee will now close this chapter of the controversy".

Concluding the Hon. Mr. Raghavendra Rao stated: "For our part we are ready to help local leaders of the Congress Parliamentary Party in setting up an orderly and progressive Government, as soon as they make up their minds to assume responsibility."—A. P.

LONDON: June 22.

The White City authorities have announced that Farr is meeting Schmelling for the World Title at the White City in August or September, which counteracts the previous announcement from America that the winner of Braddock-Louis fight is meeting Farr for the title.—Reuter's Special.

BHULABHAI LEAVES IT TO CONGRESS CABINET

LONDON, June 22.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai interviewed by Reuter said that it might cause embarrassment to comment on the Viceroy's message at this stage with Congress Working Committee meeting imminent.—Reuter.

Viceroy Sounds Signal For Battle?

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, June 22.

There is general reticence to express opinion on Lord Linlithgow's message as everyone is anxious not to anticipate the Congress Working Committee's decision.

FUNDAMENTAL DIFFERENCE.

Private conversations with prominent Indians suggest that the message does not go far to enable Congress to respond to the Government's wishes, more so because while all the statements of the Congress and Gandhiji have been in terms of rejection of the Constitution the fundamental basis of Lord Linlithgow's statement is the acceptance of the Constitution and working it for all it is worth.

There is also a feeling of disappointment amongst the supporters of the Government. It was felt Lord Linlithgow would produce something more substantial than a mere mouse from the constitutional mountain. Some take the view that Lord Stanleys recent speech in the Commons was more in the direction of solving the impasse than that of Lord Linlithgow.

WHAT JAWAHAR MAY DO.

A prominent Indian, who is soon leaving for India told me that he won't be surprised if Pt. Jawaharlal advises the Working Committee not to pay any serious attention to Lord Linlithgow's Statement.

Conscientious opinion fears a grim struggle ahead because Lord Linlithgow has sounded the signal and the battle between the Government and the people will soon begin, despite "Linlithgow's sugar-coated pill.—Monday's broadcast."

40 HOUR WEEK FOR TEXTILES

GENEVA: June 22.

The Draft Convention providing 40-hour week in the Textile industry was adopted by the International Labour Conference by 88 votes to 41.—Reuter.

CONGRESSMAN RETURNED UNOPPOSED

BOMBAY: June 22.

The Secretary of the Assembly Congress Party in the Bombay Legislature informs the "United Press" that Mr. Chandu Patil, the Congress nominee, who has filed his nomination papers to-day for the bye-election to the Bombay Assembly from Satara District Constituency, has been declared unopposed.

The bye-election was occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Mohite. United Press.

STOP PRESS.

NO 40-HOUR WEEK FOR PRINTERS AND CHEMISTS.

GENEVA, June 22.

The Draft Conventions for forty-hour week in printing and chemical trades failed to secure the requisite two-thirds majority.—Reuter.

SOCIALIST SUPPORT TO CHAUTEMPS.

PARIS, June 22.

The National Council of the Socialist Party voted in favour of participating in the Government formed by M. Chautemps.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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(5608)

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HEREBY GIVEN that the Branch Office of the Asiatic Bank, Limited, at Rahman Building, Churchgate Street has been CLOSED. Public having any claim against the same should submit to their Head Office at Mohan Road, Saddar, Karachi.

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23-6-'37.

(8583)

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A love story of rare kind
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Director—Chowdhary.

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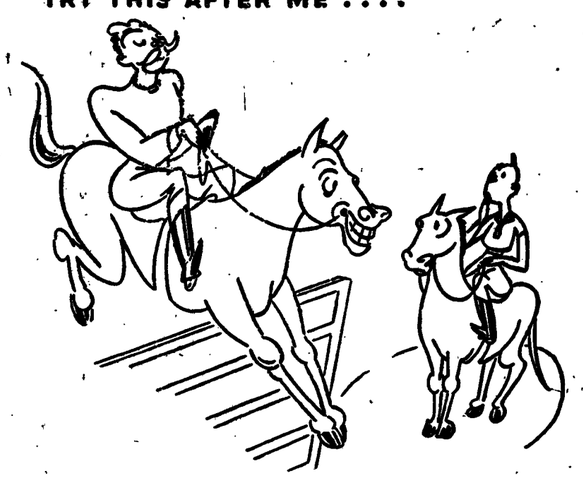
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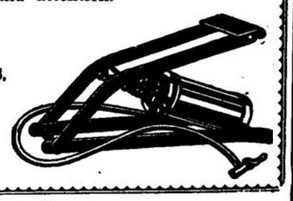

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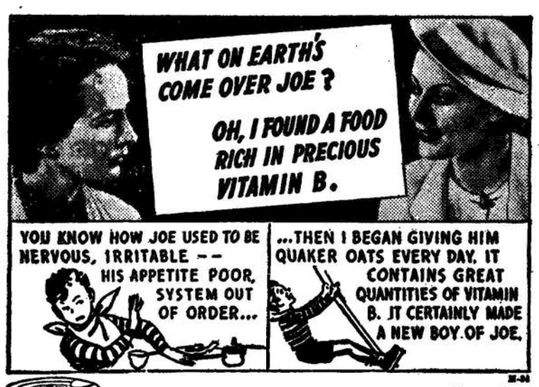
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OH, I FOUND A FOOD RICH IN PRECIOUS VITAMIN B.
YOU KNOW HOW JOE USED TO BE NERVOUS, IRRITABLE -- HIS APPETITE POOR, SYSTEM OUT OF ORDER...
...THEN I BEGAN GIVING HIM QUAKER OATS EVERY DAY. IT CONTAINS GREAT QUANTITIES OF VITAMIN B. IT CERTAINLY MADE A NEW BOY OF JOE.

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25-27, Churchgate St., BOMBAY.

A group of the Charmakar Industrial Conference held at Damodar Thakersey Hall on Saturday last.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

On December 1, 1930, one Daulat Govind was murdered in Cow Lane.

In April, 1937, after more than seven years, the Maharbowri Police arrested Shankar on the suspicion for having committed the murder, and placed him before the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court.

The Magistrate, discharging the accused to-day, remarked that the evidence did not in the least make out a "Prima Facie" case of rioting, armed with deadly weapons nor a case of causing death of the deceased by the suspect.

Fined For Keeping Common Gambling House

The sensational case in which two partners of Messrs. Jadhavji P. Gandhi and Co., were charged with keeping a common gambling house concluded this afternoon before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, with the conviction of the accused and an order of fine of Rs. 1,000 each.

The Chief Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death by opium poisoning voluntarily administered at the inquest on Vasant Rajaram, who was found lying very ill on the footpath of Apollo Street on the 18th June.

He was removed to G. T. Hospital in an unconscious condition. He died there the next day.

On a charge of receiving Satta bets last night, Moosa Ahmed was arrested by Dongri police and was placed before Mr. I. S. Hajee at the Mazagaon Police Court to-day. Moosa was remanded into police custody till June 26 as he could not furnish bail in the sum of Rs. 100.

On a charge of receiving Sutta bets at Foras Road on Monday evening, Kussundass Raoji was arrested and placed before Mr. I.S. Hajee at the Presidency Magistrate's Court, Mazagaon to-day.

As he could not furnish the bail of Rs. 100 (75 cash), he was remanded in custody till June 27.

Accidental Death Verdict

That death was caused due to his having been accidentally knocked down by a motor car at Queen's Road, was the verdict returned by the Bombay Coroner's Jury to-day, at the inquest held on an unidentified Hindu (30).

Jamshedji Batliboi, who was charged under Section 366A I.P.C. for having procured a minor girl for immoral purposes and for having taken her out to several places and hotels in Bombay, was committed to stand his trial at the ensuing Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court by Mr. Reginald Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, on Monday.

Three more arrests were effected by the Bombay C. I. D. in connection with the theft of stamps valued over Rs. 71,000 affixed to Share Transfer Deeds from the offices of Messrs. David Sassoon & Co. Ltd. The arrested persons are Koraga Subappa, a hamal in Sassoon Spinning and Weaving Company, Keshave Mahadeo Kirwa, a peon in the Office of the Receiver of the High Court of Bombay and Azizbhai Mahomed, a stamp collector.

The accused were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Tuesday and they were remanded in custody pending further inquiries.

Motor Driver Acquitted

Sitaram Appa Lad a motor driver was acquitted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Tuesday on his being found not guilty of a charge of rash driving. The accused was in the employ of Mr. R. P. Talyarkhan and was driving his master along Churchgate Street on April 13 last when the car collided with a taxi proceeding along Mayo Road. As a result of the impact Mr. S. D. Vimadalal and a Solicitor's Clerk who were in taxi sustained injuries as well as Mr. Talyarkhan and his daughter-in-law.

The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge and said that he was driving his car at a slow speed and that the garter of his unloosened and got entangled with the accelerator and thus the accident occurred.

Mr. C. B. Velkar appeared for the prosecution. Mr. B. J. Dhondy defended the accused.

For Kathiawar Workers' Convention

BHAVNAGAR, June 22.

Preparations in connection with the Kathiawar Workers' Convention which meets here on Saturday and Sunday under the presidentship of Mr. Manishankar Trivedi, are successfully proceeding. More than two hundred invitations have been sent throughout Kathiawar and the response from many quarters is encouraging.

The report appearing in the vernacular press that the convention meets in Harijan Ashram is not true. The place for the convention will be held in a private building in Takhteshweer plot—A.P.

KURLA DEPUTATION TO WAIT ON MINISTER

Committee Appointed To Frame Proposals

The Central Council of the Kurla Citizens' Democratic Front met on Sunday at Mr. A. R. I. Fitwalla's residence to consider the letter written by the Hon. the Minister for Local Self-Government through the Collector of Bombay Sub-District, inviting a deputation on behalf of the Democratic Front, and to chalk out the line of approach that is to guide the deputation.

The Central Council appointed a deputation of 25 citizens who will go to Poona to meet the Minister for Local Self-Government, on July 3.

The Central Council then appointed the following Committee to chalk out the line of approach that is to guide the deputation.

Messrs. J. S. Pereira, A. R. I. Fitwalla, R. M. Jambhekar, M. N. Patankar, Parshuram Patil.

This Committee is to submit their proposals before the Central Council on June 27.

The following resolution was unanimously passed: "This meeting of the Central Council of the Democratic Front resolves to continue to carry on the agitational campaign despite the fact that the Minister for Local Self-Government has invited a deputation."

The Central Council is to meet again on June 27 at 10-30 a.m.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE— WITHOUT CALOMEL

And You'll Jump Out of Bed Feeling You Could Push a Bus Over

The liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

Salts, fizzy drinks, palatable laxatives and harsh purgatives are makeshifts. A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes the famous, sure acting Carter's Little Liver Pills to get those two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills. Look for the name Carter's on the red package. Price: As. 10.

"HUMANITY, ABOVE ALL NATIONS"

Dr. Nag To Deliver Convocation Address Of Hawaii University

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).

Dr. Kalidas Nag, of the Department of Ancient Indian History and Culture, Calcutta University, will deliver the Convocation Address at the 26th annual commencement of the American University of Hawaii which falls on June 22.

Dr. Nag, who was invited to Hawaii in January as the Visiting Professor of Indian Civilisaton and who will remain there to teach in the six weeks summer session beginning from June 28, has taken as the theme of his Convocation Address an inscription which appears on the Founders Gate of the University: "Above all nations is Humanity." Dr. Nag will return to India early in September via Japan.—A.P.

INTERNATIONAL FILM CONGRESS

Prof: Paranjpe To Represent India At Paris Session

For the first time India will be represented at the International Film Congress at its third session to be held at Paris from 5th to 10th July.

The Motion Picture Society of India has requested Prof. G. R. Paranjpe, I.E.S. of the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, and one of the founder members of the Society to represent this country at the Congress, as he has been taking a keen interest in the activities of the Society since its inception.

Prof Paranjpe is at present on a six months' study tour of Europe and has promised the Society to collect all possible material about the progress of Educational films and organizations in all the European countries he visits

The new Ramnarain Ruia College at Matunga opened on Monday, when the students were addressed by the Vice-Chancellor of Bombay University, Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar. Over 250 students have already enrolled.

SAGAR'S "JAGIRDAR"

GIVES ANOTHER GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY OF EARNING

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—33 WINNERS— OF "KULVADHU COMPETITION"

1st Prize—Rs. 250.	Mr. MUKUND S. KOTHARE.
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26 PERSONS GET Rs. 10/- EACH

(1.) Miss Indira Nanabhai Samel, (2.) Mrs. Sumati V. Kanolkar, (3.) Mr. P. M. Marfatia, (4) Mr. Mansukhlal Thribhovandas Mehta, (5.) Mr. A. N. Namjoshi, (6.) Mr. Salil B. Mehta, (7.) Mr. R. N. Samel, (8.) Mr. D. V. Gupte, (9.) Mr. C. A. Phadkar, (10.) Mrs. Snehlila Thakkar, (11.) Mr. Lalji Pendse, (12.) Mr. Manu V. Desai, (13.) Mr. Balkrishna V. K. Bhangle, (14.) Miss P. S. Jhabvala. (15.) Dr. A. G. Ubhaya, (16.) Mrs. Mani Manek Bhagat, (17.) Mr. Vasant Mahadev Tambat. (18.) Miss Tehmina M. Burjorji. (19.) Mrs. Lalita Samarth, (20.) Mr. Hariprasad Raval, (21.) Miss Vanlily Desai, (22.) Mr. Shantilal G. Tolat. (23.) Mr. Trimbak A. Gharat, (24.) Mr. C. K. Narasimhan, L. M. E., (25.) Master Nilkanth M. Desai. (26.) Mr. Nanoobhai B. Patel.

"JAGIRDAR COMPETITION" OPEN TO ALL.

1st PRIZE	2nd PRIZE	3rd PRIZE
Rs. 250/-	Rs. 150/-	Rs. 100/-

25 EXTRA PRIZES OF Rs. 10/- each

6 SIMPLE QUESTIONS 6

To be replied in ENGLISH, GUJRATHI, MARATHI, HINDI.

1. What do you think of the story of "JAGIRDAR" in general? Is it suitable for film production? (10 lines—10 marks.)
2. What do you think of "MAYA" the new girl Sagar has introduced to film fans? And why? (10 lines—10 marks.)
3. Which song do you like best and why? Composition, tune and propriety should be the points of argument. (10 lines—10 marks.)
4. What do you think of Farmer Shripat's (Pande) action in marrying Neela (Bibbo) without demanding the right to her bed? (15 lines—15 marks.)
5. What have you to say of Society the way it disowned and spurned Neela (Bibbo), though she carried a child of legitimate love and secret wedding? Does every marriage need the hall mark of publicity amongst Society to make it legitimate? And why? (20 lines—20 marks. Original comments are invited.)
6. What do you think of the performances of the following?
   1. Motilal as "RAMESH" (5 lines—5 mks.)
   2. Surendra as "SURENDRA" (5 lines—5 mks.)
   3. Bibbo as "NEELA" (5 lines—5 mks.)
   4. Maya as "USHA" (5 lines—5 mks.)
   5. Yakub as "NARAYANLAL & BANWARILAL (5 lines—5 mks.)
7. For NEATNESS 10 marks are reserved.

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MYSORE Sandal SOAP
THE GOVT: SOAP FACTORY, BANGALORE.

Censure Motion Against Punjab Government Fails

Speaker Gives Consent To Discuss Forfeiture Of "Siyasat's" Security But Later Rules That Debate Should Be Confined To Govt.'s Policy

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, June 21.

Chaotic and farcical was the adjournment debate to-day in the Punjab Assembly. "Very hesitatingly", as he himself put it the President gave consent for Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta's censure motion to discuss forfeiture of security of "Sujasat" but when it came up in the afternoon, the President ruled that the debate should confine itself to Government's policy and no reference whatever be made to "Sujasat"

ABRUPT END.

The result was that the debate turned itself into a general discourse on the liberty of the Press but hardly had the fourth speaker finished his speech when Sir Gokulchand Narang got up with a protest that the debate was "futile and absurd". This was followed by cries of closure from Government benches and the debate came to an abrupt end, without even a formal speech from the Government spokesman.

OPPOSITION'S STRENGTH.

The Opposition, however, was able to put up a fairly good show at voting time, for the division disclosed 35 for the censure motion as against Government's 97

I may add that in the morning itself, when Mr. Deshbandu Gupta sought leave of the House for his motion, the President raised objection that it was subjudice, arguing that it was open to the party to file an appeal but Dewan Chamanlal quoted the ruling of Central Legislature that the policy could be discussed, without bringing into the debate merits of the case. As Sir Sikandar also agreed that so long as it was not before a law court it was not subjudice, the President allowed the motion, restricting the scope of the debate to Government policy.

The rest of to-day's session was taken up by general debate on the budget.

Dr. Alam attacked it as a slave budget of a Slave Ministry and called on the House to throw out the budget.

MENACE TO AGRICULTURE.

Another forceful speaker was Mr. Krishna Gopal Dutt who demolished the Finance Member's claim that it was a surplus budget and showed how the Land Revenue policy was the greatest menace to agriculture.

Other Opposition speakers spoke in the same strain.

NO RELEASE OF POLITICALS

SIMLA, June 21.

When the Punjab Assembly reassembled after three days Dr. Gopichand, Leader of the Opposition, asked the Speaker, Sir Shahabuddin, whether he would give the Opposition some time to discuss with him his recent rulings, as they deserved reconsideration on the ground that they affected the privileges of the Opposition.

The Speaker agreed to see Dr. Gopichand later.

MARTIAL LAW PRISONERS.

At question time Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, the Premier, informed Mr Harisingh that there were at present seven persons detained in the Punjab jails as State prisoners by orders issued by the Governor-General-in-Council under Regulation III of 1818. Of the prisoners convicted by Martial Law Tribunals in 1919, twelve were still in confinement. Of these six were in the Andamans serving sentences of transportation for life and the remainder were in the Punjab jails.

TERRORISTS IN JAILS.

Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan informed Sardar Kartar Singh that the number of prisoners in the Punjab jails classed as terrorists was 49. Many of these were undergoing life sentences, and it was not possible to mention the date, when they were likely to be released The Government had no intention of making a general release of all political and terrorist prisoners The number of persons at present interned in their villages under Sec 3 of the Punjab Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1935, was fifteen They had been interned for having acted in a manner prejudicial to public safety or peace or in furtherance of a movement prejudicial to public safety or peace The Government did not intend removing the restrictions on such prisoners.

OTHER POLITICALS.

In the course of supplementary questions Lala Dunichand asked the Premier whether Government had decided any particular policy with regard to the release of political prisoners

The Premier replied that orders had been issued that Martial Law prisoners be released immediately. With regard to other political prisoners, their cases were being examined periodically with a view to see whether they could be released without jeopardising public tranquillity

SECURITIES OF NEWSPAPERS

Interesting figures were given in the Punjab Assembly to-day by Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, Premier, regarding the action taken by Government against numerous newspapers under Sections 7 and 9 of the Press Emergency Powers Act, 1934.

During 1934 securities were demanded totalling several thousands from 59 newspapers all over the province, in 1935 76 newspapers while in 1936 securities were demanded from 135 newspapers. Most of these vernacular papers. Since 1930 securities deposited by eight newspapers and printing presses had been forfeited. In two cases an appeal was preferred to the High Court. One was rejected and the other is still pending. Majority of these actions against the presses were either for sedition or for publishing articles designed to stir up communal hatred.

UJJAIN MILL STRIKE ENDS

GWALIOR, June 21.

News has been received from Ujjain of the succesful termination of the mills strike.

It is understood that a committee was appointed by Sir Manubhai Mehta, Home Minister to effect conciliation between workers and millowenrs. The Committee has been successful in persuading the workers to go to work.

The Hira Mills have resumed work, and it is expected the rest also will resume soon.

Gwalior received its first monsoon showers last night. There was a torrential downpour, the amount recorded being 3.19 inches. Temperature has considerably gone down and much relief is felt from the sweltering heat.—A. P. I.

Mr. Jinnah At Kurla

A public meeting of Muslims was held in Kurla on Saturday last under the presidentship of Maulana Shaukat Ali, in the Jamaiat Khana, Mr. Jinnah being the main speaker. The purpose of the meting was to persuade the Muslim community in Kurla to start a local branch of the Muslim League. The Jamait Khana was equipped with loud speakers.

After the president's opening speech Mr. Jinnah addressed the meeting. He explained the aims and objects of the Muslim League which he claimed was the biggest organisation of the community in India. He appealed to the audience to form a local committee of the league and urged Muslims to emulate the organisations of other communities.

Various other speakers then addressed the meeting.

SOCIALIST EDITOR'S APPEAL REJECTED

LAHORE: June 21.

The petition of Mr. Gurmukh Singh, Editor of "Kirti", a Socialist Urdu weekly of Amritsar, against the forfeiture of a security of Rs. 2,000 for publication of three articles and one cartoon in its issues of November 23 and December 30 last, was dismissed with a cost of Rs. 200 by a full Bench of the Lahore High Court consisting of Messrs. Justices Coldstream, Bhide and Din Mohammad.—United Press.

DELHI SESSION OF A. I. T. U. C.

NEW DELHI: June 21.

At a meeting of the Reception Committee of the All-India Trade Union Congress held here under the presidency of Srimati Chandoo Bibi, it was decided to hold the Delhi session of the All-India Trade Union Congress on August 13, 14 and 15 next.—United Press.

55,000 STUDENTS OF HINDI IN KERALA

TRIVANDRUM, (By Mail.)

Not less than 55,000 people have taken to the study of Hindi in Kerala during the last fourteen years, according to a memorial presented to the Dewan of Travancore by a deputation of the Tranvancore State Committee of the Kerala Provincial Hindi Prachar Sabha. Roughly, Rs. 46,000 has been spent on Hindi Prachar in Kerala till March, 1937, against Rs. 24,000 raised from the public as donations.—A. P.

Picked up unconscious from the Red Sea; an Arab dhow came to the rescue of Abdul Jabbar, seaman employed in s.s. "Amarpura" recently.

On his regaining consciousness, he said he felt giddy due to excessive heat and dropped into the sea unnoticed by anybody on the steamer.

He was brought to Bombay on Monday and will be sent to Rangoon. He was in the water for about three days.

BHONSLE MILITARY SCHOOL

Dr. Kurtkoti Stresses Need Of Martial Training

NASIK, June 21.

His Holiness Jagadguru Shankaracharya, Dr. Kurtkoti, declared open the Bhonsle Military School here to-day in the presence of a large gathering including Mr. A. P. Lemesurier, District Collector.

Addressing the gathering His Holiness said:—

"India cannot afford to sever British connections until she is in a position to defend herself from aggressive neighbours, who are ever ready for an opportunity and who in reality are anxious that Britishers should withdraw from India and into whose hands some extremists are playing. We want Independence, not merely for material gains but for the spreading of the Aryan culture. While other cultures, including Islam and Christianity have their own independent nations the Aryan culture has none. If Mahomedans and Christians are allowed to have their claims over India then the Aryan culture will be extinct at no distant date."

He concluded that by establishing the school Dr. Moonje had removed a long felt want.

Lieutenant Sitaram Vasudeo Phadnis said the school would aim at giving "instructions to Hindu youths by all appropriate and lawful methods with a view to quicken and arouse the latent instincts for martial p[illegible]'s."—A. P.

GANGSTER METHODS IN SIND VILLAGE

Threatening Letters To Merchants

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, June 21.

Another incident emulating American gangster methods is reported to-day from Sukkur district. It is stated nine wealthy Hindu merchants of village Pirjogoth received annoymous letters threatening them with dire consequences unless they deposited Rs 300 each at a specified spot near Sadhebello Island in Sukkur The C.I.D. is keeping a lookout for the miscreants and has reassured the recipients of letters.

THREE CORNERED CONTEST.

The three cornered contest between W. A Nayat (editor "Daily Gazette") J. J Flockheart, J. Fraser (Bryce and Company) is taking place to-day for the one seat in Karachi City European Constituency, polling wherefor commenced at 8 a.m. at Ferere Hall, Voters' strength is 717 and by midday nearly 230 had exercised the franchise.

CYCLIST WITH LIVE CARTRIDGES ARRESTED

NEW DELHI, June 21.

A man cycling along Safdar Jung Road in New Delhi was arrested for alleged unlicensed possession of five live cartridges.—A.P.

The British police and Customs authorities have revealed a huge traffic in Irish sweepstake tickets by the discovery in a garage at Liverpool of tickets and receipts valued at near £500,000.

A. I. RAILWAYMEN'S FEDERATION

Convention To Meet At Simla On July 4.

POONA, June 21.

The Hon. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, President of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, announces that the Convention of the Federation will meet at Simla on July 4

The affiliated Unions are requested to send in full contingents of delegates.—United Press

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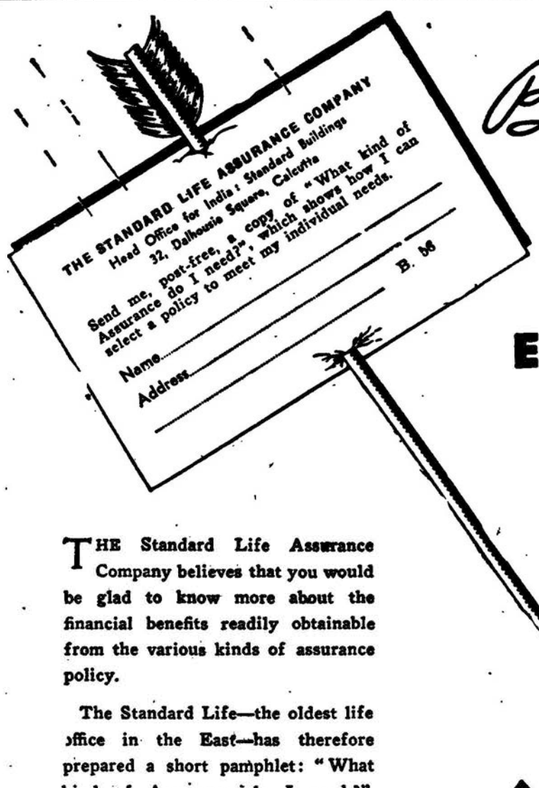
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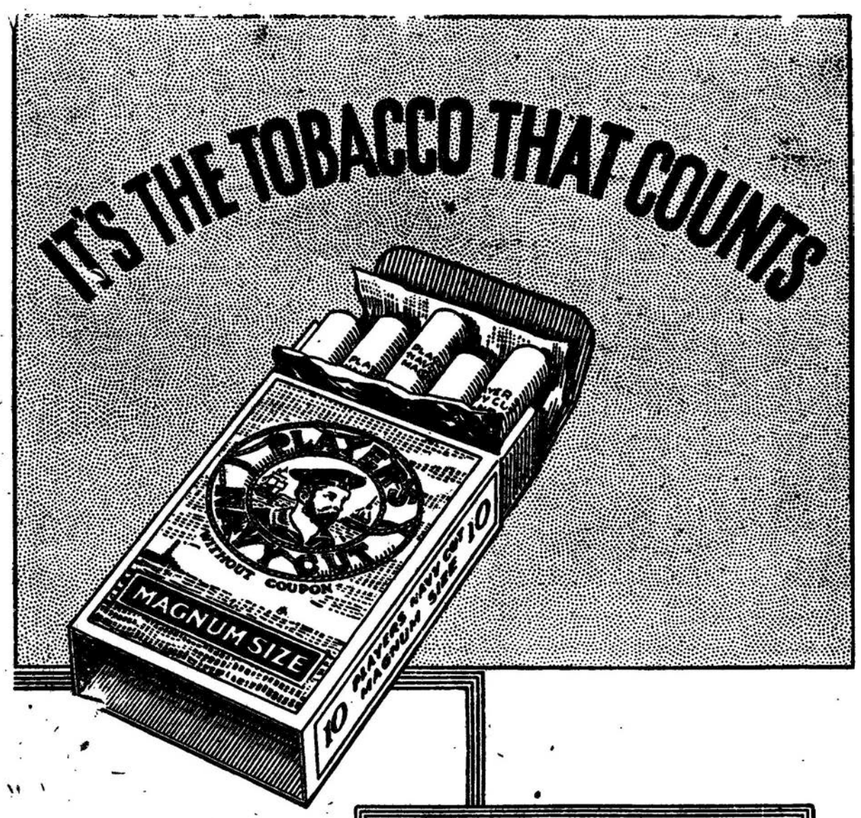

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PL/141

HE SUFFERED AGONY IN WET WEATHER

Rheumatism Attacked Limbs and Body

KRUSCHEN ENDED ALL HIS PAINS

He had been bothered with rheumatism for years. The pain in wet weather—to use his own expression—was "indescribable." But all that is gone now—thanks to Kruschen. Read his letter:—

"I suffered with rheumatism for years. I dreaded wet weather, for during such periods the pain was continuous and indescribable. To begin with, it was confined to my limbs, but in time I began to suffer as much agony in my body as I did in my limbs. When I began to take Kruschen Salts, I found it did me more good than all the other medicine I had taken out together. To-day, I have peace and freedom from pain, even during wet weather, and can heartily recommend Kruschen Salts to anyone who suffers from rheumatism or from bodily pains."—N.M.

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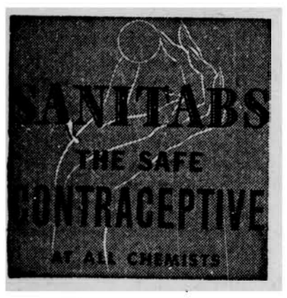

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LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Jeth Sud 15, 1993
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akhar 13, 1350
Parsi: Deh 21, 1306
Hightide 12-08; 23-42
Lowtide: 5-07; 18-08
Snrise 6h. 3m.
Sunset: 7h. 19m.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Thursday, June 24.

S. S. 'Kaiser-i-Hind' with mails of the 10th instant from London due at 6-0 p.m.

Saturday, June 26.

S. S. 'Corfu' sails for London at 1-0 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per Extra S S "Johan de Witt" via Madura, Colombo and Batavia will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3-0 p.m. on Saturday the 26th and 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 27th inst.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN GRADUATES' UNION

The Bombay Presidency Women Graduates' Union offers the Dr. Dadabhai Scholarship, value Rs. 230 per annum to a poor woman student in Art studying in any of the Colleges in Bombay. Application must be made before June 29th. 1937, on the prescribed form which may be obtained from (Mrs.) I. Fernandes, Jt. Hon. Secretary, "Kenaway House" Procter Road, Bombay 4, on receipt of a stamped addressed envelope

MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION

Mr. T. V. Baddeley of Messrs. Forbes Forbes Campbell and Co. Ltd., Agents, The Simplex Mills and The Gokak Mills, has been returned unopposed as the representative of the Millowners' Association, Bombay, on the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay vice Mr. A. Geddis resigned.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"May Time". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Elephant Boy." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Sensation". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"President". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Pratibha." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Struggle". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Dhanwan". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Jay-Bharat". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m
REGAL—"London Melody". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Jagirdar". Daily at 5-15, 8-0 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Veerbala". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N. Y. K. Steamer "Italy Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on the 19th June, and is expected to arrive here on or about the 18th July.

The O. S. K. Steamer "India Maru" left Colombo on June 20 and is due to arrive in Bombay on June 24.

SECOND LL.B. EXAM.

Mr. L. P. Naronha (No 109) has passed in the second LL.B. Examination. His name was inadvertently omitted from the list of successful candidates published by the "Chronicle" yesterday.

THE GOA HINDU ASSOCIATION

A prize of Rs. 50 is awarded annually by the Goa Hindu Association to a Goan Hindu student obtaining highest number of marks and standing highest amongst the first 50 successful candidates from Matriculation Examination of the Bombay University. Students claiming the prize may apply to the Secretary of the Association, 14 Tribhuvan Road, Bombay, before 15th July 1937 quoting the University seat number.

Suit For Removal Of Trustees

Sons' Allegations Against Parents In High Court Case

Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court heard a suit brought by Rameshchandra Parbhudas and another against Shankerlal Vallabhdas and others for setting aside two deeds of conveyance which were alleged to have been executed in breach of a certain deed of trust partly of a charitable nature.

The plaintiffs also asked for the removal of defendants 3 to 6 from their office of trusteeship and for accounts.

The third defendant Parbhudas Vallabhdas who is the father of the plaintiffs had created a trust partly of a private nature and partly of a public charitable nature by an indenture of trust dated November 6, 1921, whereby he settled upon himself, his wife (the 4th defendant) and defendants 5 and 6 as trustees certain properties upon trust to pay certain monthly allowances to the persons mentioned in the trust deed, and after that to pay out of the residue certain sums for the establishment and maintenance of certain charitable institutions. The plaintiffs claimed to be the beneficiaries under the trust.

ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST

According to the plaintiffs, the 3rd and 4th defendants conveyed two immovable properties forming part of the trust fund to defendants 1 and 2. It was stated that the transfer was effected in consideration of a debt of Rs. 55,000 due to the 1st and 2nd defendants by the trust estate.

The plaintiffs, however, alleged that the properties were transferred without any consideration and that the said transfers were in breach of the trust and for the purpose of defrauding the plaintiffs and the charities.

A preliminary objection having been raised on behalf of the defendants 1 and 2, his Lordship held that the suit could not be entertained as no sanction of the Advocate-General had been obtained as required by Sec. 92 of the Civil Procedure Code.

In view of this decision, the plaintiffs did not want to proceed with the suit and his Lordship dismissed it with costs.

Mr. Justice G. N. Thakore, who took charge of his new office as a judge of the Bombay High Court, yesterday.

SIR SORABJI POCHKHANAWALA

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

We regret to learn that the condition of Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawala has again become very serious. This morning his temperature rose to 103 degrees from 102 degrees. His general condition is very low. Since this morning his right lung has been slightly affected.

LADY PROFESSOR ON FERGUSSON COLLEGE STAFF.

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, June 22.

The Deccan Education Society has made a new but welcome departure this year by appointing a lady-professor on the staff of the Fergusson College.

Dr Mrs. Irrawati Karve, lately Registrar of the Indian Women's University (wife of Dr. D. D. Karve) is teaching Philosophy to the B. A. Classes in the Fergusson College this year.

NEXT SATURDAY AT
The REGAL
Plans Open

"BOMBAY SYMPHONY," CITY'S VITAL INSTITUTE

Invites Distinguished Composer And Records Successful Concert

(By Our Art Critic)

The crowded C. J. Hall, the varied and eager audience, which marked the opening of the present season and the eighth public concert of the Bombay Symphony Orchestral Society was evidence of the growing hold on the popular mind of the Society's importance as one of the city's leading and vital cultural institute.

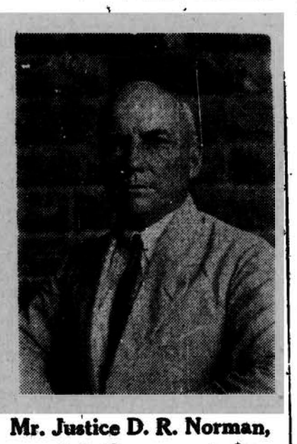
Sir Granville Bantock, the famous British conductor, invited to interpret his own composition "Old English Suite," was, of course, the outstanding attraction, if one may use the serviceable phrase, for the evening. The well-known compositions of the Elizabethan musicians illustrated by him, in four incidents of modern idiom and "speech" were charming in the comparatively, naive whimsicalities and the irrepressible "pie de vivre" which repeatedly escaped from set or rather staid limits.

The "Elegy" (Elgar) which followed the melodic "Oberon" overture (Weber), was remarkable for the compact unity of music and emotion, the impression and atmosphere of deep tenderness. M. Jules Craen, the conductor, registered this delicate theme.

The French compositions, Saint Saens' "Le Rouet D'Omphalet," Bruneou's Prelude from "Messidor" and Chabrier's "Espona" Rhapsody, played after the interval, were rendered in the lyric manner to which the orchestra of the evening easily responded.

"The Bombay Symphony Orchestra" has a great future. The right spirit and atmosphere are there. And, if I say that M. Jules Craen has the sensitive preciseness to evoke the depths of tender feeling in "Elegy" as well as the passionate sweep of the Rhapsody "Espona" I am only offering tribute to the sincerity of his colleagues and to the spirit which does not reproduce the score but interprets music—not mere virtuosity but art.

Mr. Justice K. C. Sen, one of the three new judges of the Bombay High Court.



Mr. Justice D. R. Norman, one of the new judges of the Bombay High Court.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By: A SUBURBAN MAN)

Rain, rain nothing but rain, has been the chief talk of the suburbanites during the last four days. Every sort of activity has been completely suspended. Suburban fields and ditches used for dumping dirt are converted into small lakes and rivulets.

Along the Hill Road, in the Bandra area, are left many pits caused by the drainage construction, which are completely full with water. The contractor or the municipal authorities might take extra precaution to look after these pits as well as other spots dug for drainage, which have a tendency to sink. This sort of nuisance did a lot of damage to both public and property last year. Though the suburbanites welcomed rain with joy, yet now another fear has arisen amongst suburban farmers. This continual downpour, they fear, will wash their paddy crop.

NO INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOMBAY EAST-INDIANS

This I think ought to come as a great disappointment to the members of the Bombay East Indian community who strove hard to make their Golden Jubilee Fete a success.

This Fete which was expected to realise a net profit of Rs. 12,000 is said to have yielded Rs. 5,000 only.

The amount that was to be utilised for an industrial school was to be some where over Rs. 12,000 and now as it is not possible to realise that amount, the present estimated profits, I understand, are to be used for making St. Blasis Parish School at Andheri a High School.

Congress Work Among Muslims

B.P.C.C. Sub-Committee To Open Centres In City

A meeting of the Muslim Mass Contact Committee, appointed by the B.P.C.C. was held on Tuesday evening at the Congress House.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, was in the chair.

It was resolved that two centres for constructive work should be opened in the city to start with.

The workers at these two centres will be chiefly interested in rendering social service apart from doing political propaganda work. Any grievances brought to the notice of those in charge of the centres, such as, bad housing conditions, lack of sanitation in residential and public places nearby, and other hardships of the residents, would be promptly attended to.

In due course, there is every likelihood of opening free dispensaries for the use of the people in some of the Muslim localities in the city.

It was decided that Urdu pamphlets in which the fundamental rights of the people of India, as defined in the famous Karachi Congress Resolution, should be liberally distributed among the public of these localities, as thereby they would have ample opportunity of knowing the facts for themselves and judging the issues on merits rather than on other considerations.

At the meeting, Mrs. Safia Khan, Mrs. Maniben Mulji, Maulana Abdul Bari and Mr. Jalaluddin Bukhari were elected Joint Secretaries.

About 25 members were present at the meeting.

"G" WARD TENANTS' LEAGUE

Worker Available From 6 To 8 p. m. Every Day

The Secretary of the "G" Ward Tenants' League writes:—

It is by now well-known that a Tenants' League has been formed in the "G" Ward. By the kindness and courtesy of the authorities of the "G" Ward Congress Committee, the League has opened an office in the Office of the "G" Ward Congress Committee (opposite Dadar Station). A worker of the League will be in charge of the office every day from 6 to 8 p.m.

The League stands for the improvement of the living conditions of the tenants and for the enactment of a Rent Act for Bombay. Tenants in the ward are requested to help the League in its work on their behalf by enrolling themselves as members

Any complaints regarding the insanitary condition of the dwellings, negligence or harassment by landlords, etc., should be made to the League. Other suggestions pertaining to the civic inconveniences and their removal or improvement are welcomed. It is hoped that the citizens will do all in their power to help the League in achieving its objects.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1937

ONLY SWEET WORDS

The Viceroy's message has fallen flat on the country, for the simple reason that it contains nothing new, nothing that the previous statements of Lord Zetland did not convey. Several papers note the conciliatory tone of the message. But sweet words ill disguise the absence of any really conciliatory act and will deceive no Congressman possessing any insight. As sweet words by themselves cannot be decisive in settling major political issues it is best to fix attention on the substance of the message and not the manner of conveying it. From that point of view even the warmest admirers of the Viceroy have to admit that there is no new assurance whatsoever in his message, not a single step towards the Congress position. The outstanding feature in the long statement is a brusque, summary rejection of Gandhiji's final offer. That offer was in the form of a suggestion that in the event of a conflict the Governor should demand the resignation. But the Viceroy unceremoniously rejects the suggestion merely because "it is not the solution provided by the Act." The message is to be judged by this rejection, all the rest of the 5,000 words being irrelevant to the main issue.

A Threat

The message is not all sweet words. It has in it the characteristic official threat. After warning the Congress that its choice "must shortly be made," the Viceroy says: "If what I should regard as a deplorable outcome should emerge from the present situation and if parliamentary and responsible Government should as a consequence be suspended in a number of Provinces, it might, however much we might all of us regret it, be beyond the power of any of us rapidly to reverse the circumstances that must then supervene." This should be read in juxtaposition to the assurance given to the special interests wherein the Viceroy says: "It is essential that those interests or communities or areas to which the Act extends an assurance of special responsibilities, should not, for the moment, think or have the least ground for thinking that any question will arise of sacrificing their interests for political reasons." It is clear as crystal from these two sentences that the Governors definitely and finally refuse to give the Congress the assurance demanded by it and will not hesitate to suspend the Constitution and run the administration themselves if the Congress still refuse to accept office unconditionally though the proper course for them should be to dissolve the legislatures and appeal to the electorates. We prefer these bitter parts of the pill to the extra-thick sugar-coating round it. They are at least unequivocal. Moreover, the Congress itself has suggested all these weeks that, next to dissolution of the legislatures, the suspension of the Constitution is a more straightforward course than that of shifting responsibility on to Ministers who are not Ministers, not enjoying the confidence of the legislatures. If the Governors themselves wreck the Act in their provinces, they will only help the Congress in its task of wrecking the entire Constitution in the country as a whole.

Grave Issues

The feeling in the minds of many Congressmen towards the Viceroy's message is fairly accurately expressed by the following words of Mr. K. F. Nariman: "Instead of responding to the gestures of goodwill and grasping the hand of fellowship by conceding the Congress demand, both Whitehall and Simla make rather an impertinent and impossible counter-demand. They both presume to give the preposterous advice to withdraw the Faizpur resolution of combating and ending the Act, like 'good boys' of the Moderate and Liberal schools and agree to work the Constitution for what it is worth. It is a challenge and insult to the Congress and the country, which I am sure, will prick even the most pacific Congressmen and is enough to transform the most ardent advocate of office acceptance into a confirmed rejector. Such an invitation with a mailed fist must be unceremoniously rejected and should certainly, on the contrary, lead to strengthen and reiterate the Faizpur resolve." The reluctance of Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Jawaharlal, Babu Rajendra Prasad, C. Rajagopalachari and some other members of the Working Committee or leaders of Congress Legislative parties to offer any comment upon the Viceroy's message just now should not be interpreted to mean that Congress leaders have or can have two opinions on the message. The fact is that, as the time for mere comment is past and some effective action is essential, it is but natural and consistent with the gravity of the issues involved for responsible leaders to consult each other before making any irrevocable decisions. The Working Committee may be trusted to devise the most effective way of implementing the A.I.C.C. resolution on work in the Legislatures. The honour and prestige of the Congress are safe in the hands of Gandhiji and Pandit Jawaharlal.

The Road To War

In 1935 a set of experts calling themselves "Vigilantes" published the "Inquest on Peace," a sensational but completely documented study and indictment of the record and "bona fides" of the National Government. "The Road to War" (Published for the New Fabian Research Bureau by Victor Gollancz 3/6), brings the account up to March 1937. It is a devastating analysis of the activities and intentions of the National Government, remarkable as usual for the fact that "most of the statements of fact made in this book are backed by references to verifiable—generally official—sources." The analysis is an amazing exposure. It reveals how it was Britain which betrayed Manchuria to Japan, how it was Britain rather than France which betrayed Abyssinia to Italy from the beginning to the end of the conflict and how, again, it is Britain which is betraying Spain to the Fascist International. It shows conclusively that Tory statesmen have all along been out to destroy the League. And it proves to the hilt that even while paying lip service to disarmament and limitation of arms they were all the time preparing for their present armament race and misleading the public. It is an amazingly sordid tale of crooked politics which would be difficult to believe were it not for the fact that it has been told out of the mouths, as it were, of the "statesmen" themselves and their supporters. The motive of all this repellent betrayal was two-fold. Imperialist self-interest and class hatred of Russia. And in case of conflict between the two, the latter has invariably prevailed and is still prevailing over the former. Imperialist self-interest led to the surrender to Japan, then to Italy and then to Germany. Now that these three constitute severally and jointly a certain Fascist menace to British Imperialism, the British statesmen have chosen the path of continuous retreat before it lest a determined opposition by the anti-Fascist countries of the world, including Britain, strengthen Russia. That is also the reason why they have sabotaged the collective system. The net result of all this is that they are surely, and now very rapidly, heading for war.

"Vigilantes," however, believe that there is still a way to peace. It "lies through the speedy replacement of the National Government by a resolutely Left Government—that is by a strong Labour Government with or without 'popular front' support." Why 'without'? Evidently because official Labour has definitely vetoed it. We are also reminded of the fact that official Labour did not do even half as much as it could have done for Spain; why, it actually refused even a hearing to the delegates of the Spanish Government who had gone to England to plead the case of democracy. Which brings us to the only criticism, we can offer, of this book. It ignores the undoubted fact that it is not only the Toryism and Imperialism of Honest Mr. Baldwin, enthusiastic Mr. Eden, plain-spoken Mr. Chamberlain and the rest of them that is leading the world to a catastrophe. Some responsibility must also be shared by Labour leaders who have, at moments of real crisis, the peculiar knack of forgetting their allegiance to class and democracy and becoming respectable Britons undistinguishable from Liberal imperialists.

SOME IRRITATING BANS

Instances From Karnatak

(By "AN OBSERVER.")

While the British Government is trying, with all its powers of pursuasion, to convince us of its good intentions and sympathetic attitude towards the new reforms, the actual happenings in the country are likely to confirm the Congress fears that there is no sincerity in these professions. I intend to give here some instances.

Hindustani Seva Dal.

Dr. Hardiker and his co-workers organised the Seva Dal in 1923. The organisation got an open space at Bagalkot in the Bijapur district and raised a small building on the site in 1928. Since then the building and the open ground surrounding it were being used as a training camp for volunteers undergoing training under the directions of the Dal. When the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress adopted the Seva Dal as its constituent body in 1931 the building became the property of the Working Committee.

When in 1932 the Government declared the Congress organisations as illegal, the Hindustani Seva Dal also was included in those organisations. Consequently the building at Bagalkot was attached and taken possession of by the Government immediately after the above declaration. When in 1934 the Government lifted the ban on the Congress Committees the ban on the Seva Dal should have also disappeared automatically, but for some reasons, known to itself, the Government continued the ban on the Seva Dal and has all along kept possession of the above-mentioned building. The anomaly becomes heightened by the following circumstances:—

(1) While Governments of three major provinces in India have lifted the ban on the Hindustani Seva Dal the Bombay Government has been pleased to continue it.

(2) Recently Dr. Hardiker has been asked by the Police Inspector of Bagalkot to take delivery of the building at Bagalkot. But, strange to say, it is found that though the Bombay Government is ready to return the possession of the building to Dr. Hardiker it is not yet ready to lift the ban on the Seva Dal.

Prohibitory Orders.

Then come the orders in the Karwar district. It was after a long interval, after the suspension of the movement, that Sjts. Diwaker and Karmarker visited the Karwar district with a view to study the plight of the no-taxers there and to organise relief for them, if possible. It was quite obvious that neither of them had any intentions of starting the movement again. When the main body of the Congress had suspended the movement it would have been foolhardiness on their part to carry on the movement; but the Bombay Government was pleased to take umbrage and has prohibited the entry of these two workers in the Karwar district. One does not know if the Government believes that political movements in these days depend on the presence or absence of any particular individuals. Anyway, the Bombay Government has still continued the prohibition. Perhaps, it has forgotten that it is responsible for such unreasonable orders in the immediate past.

Resales of Forfeited Lands.

Government forfeited the lands of the no-taxers in the Karwar district. They put them to auction and many of these lands were purchased by the villagers. Government thought that these purchasers were likely to reconvey the lands to the original owners; so, while confirming the auction sales, a condition was imposed to the effect that the lands should not in any case be transferred to the original owners or their relatives. Breaches of this condition were to be punished by forfeitures of the lands concerned.

It is well-known that the population in the Karwar district is fast decreasing and the absentee landlords are finding it increasingly difficult to find tenants for their lands. Naturally the auction purchasers found their bargains unprofitable as they could not easily get tenants for their new lands. Instead of paying assessments for fallow lands, they were quite willing to retransfer the lands to the original owners. But the above-mentioned condition stood in their way. Recently, the Government is allowing these retransfers but on condition that the original owner apologises for his past participation in the no-tax movement. Probably the Government hopes to crush the spirit of the no-taxers by such vindictive methods. These restrictions of the Governments are being used by the village mischief-mongers

(Continued on Page 10 Col 4.)

Our Moscow Letter

By A. AZIZ AZAD

Soviets Conquer North Pole

MOSCOW, May 23.

A great but pleasant sensation was caused by the sudden news on May 22, that the veteran Soviet Savant, Academician Otto J. Schmidt, with eleven colleagues, had landed a Soviet air plane safely on the floating ice fields of the North Pole.

First Colonists

The North Pole, heretofore a white spot on the world map, now has its first colonists in the persons of the members of the Soviet expedition. Its first buildings are five tents, and its most important property is a Radio Station and an air plane.

The first visitor of the North Pole however, was not the Soviet Savants, they do not pretend to claim this title, but the American Scientist, Peary, who after preparations of 23 years, stepped on the Pollar floating ice-fields, coming from North America on dog sleds. Roald Amundson, Byrd, and Nobile circled over this mysterious white spot during their flights, but not one of them stayed in the region of the ice-empire ruled by the winds, for a somewhat prolonged period.

Its Importance To Russia

To Soviet scientists and Statesmen the Arctic and the North Pole are not important as mysterious white spots, nor do they seek sensational adventures and world praise, but they are important as (1) as vital junction lying on future air routes between the U.S.A. and the U.S.S.R. as (2) an important center for establishing a practical North Sea route connecting Soviet territories stretching from Leningrad to Vladivostok in the Far East, as (3) an important center for carrying on various scientific observations, particularly those connected with the movement of winds and floating ice-fields; and the joining of the cold waters of the Arctic with the warm waters of the Pacific, and as, (4) of economic and political importance.

As I have already mentioned, the Soviet expedition headed by Academician Otto J. Schmidt, has penetrated these regions of eternal ice and wild nature, not just to break the solitude of Unconquered Nature at the North Pole, and not for only a short while, but the Soviet Savants have quite a different attitude. They have paved the way for the present expedition during the course of the past twelve years, organising a number of scientific expeditions on land and sea, and in the air. The expedition of the ice-breaker Rusanov which reached Rudolf Island after tremendous difficulties, covering sometimes as short a distance as half a kilometer in five days; the expedition of the ice-breakers Krasin, Siberiakov, Sadko and the memorable voyage of Cheluiskin, are but a few links in the long chain of expeditions that have been successfully carried out by the Soviet Scientists and that finally led to the establishment of the Great Northern Sea Route.

An Achievement For Soviet Aviation

But the most important and valuable part in studying the Arctic and paving the way for the exploration of the North Pole has been played by Soviet aviation. Mr. Molokov during his remarkable flights in 1935-36, surveyed Enisee North and Dickens Island. Another famous Soviet flier, Vodopianov, studied the Chukot peninsula and Wrangal's Island in the Far North, while the aviator Galishev, studied, in his flights, the Yakuts North. In 1936, the fliers Vodopianov and Makhotkin, for the first time in the history of aviation, reached Franz Joseph Land. In the same year Molokov completed his famous Arctic flight, followed by another unique 9,000 killometer non-stop flight from Moscow to the Far East through the Soviet North by the fliers Chkalov, Baidukov, and Beliakov. Shortly afterwards Levanevsky flew from America to the U. S. S. R. via the Soviet Arctic.

Thus before reaching the North Pole the Soviet Scientists' invaded and conquered the Northern areas in the immediate vicinity of the Pole, mile by mile, slowly but steadily. During the course of the past few years a number of permanent scientific research stations equipped with radios, air-planes, dog sleds, and other necessary equipment have been established. To-day there are in the Arctic regions well over fifty such permanent centres to which the North Pole Centre is the latest addition.

Expedition's Personnel

The Soviet Expedition to the North Pole is composed of a number of expert aviators, scientists, radiolists, etc. Rudolf Island was their last stop before the Pole. The head of the expedition, Otto Schmidt, with his eleven colleagues, in the airplane U.S.S.R. N. 170, took off from Rudolf Island on May 21st, at 11-10 a.m. and landed on the floating ice field of the North Pole, at 11-35 a.m. To this day it is generally assumed that at the North Pole, where the expedition is now stationed, there is not earth but water under the thick layers of ice. Now that an expedition is located there and will shortly begin its scientific research work, this question will undoubtedly be solved and the world will soon know all about the mysteries of the North Pole.

A part of the Soviet Expedition will live at the North Pole during the next year and will study problems connected with the polar region, the other members of the expedition will return just before winter. At present the radio station at the North Pole, conducted by the radiolst Mr. Krenkle, transmits weather conditions and other messages four times a day. According to the latest report from the North pole Radio Station, the temperature in the air is minus 12 degrees C. Although the tents are heated by kerosene stoves the inhabitants sleep in fur bags. Their specially prepared food contains food extracts prepared for the first time after two years' experiments in Moscow laboratories.

"Most Brilliant Feat"

The first plane to land on the North Pole's floating ice-fields carried the following persons: head flier, M. V. Vodopianov, "Hero of the U.S.S.R.", Academician O. J. Schmidt, head of the expedition, the well-known polar flier, M. S. Babushkin, mechanic, P. P. Petenin, flag pilot I. T. Spirin, radiolst S. A. Ivanev, and mechanic F. I. Bassein, and the following four persons who will remain at the North Pole for one year to carry on scientific research: Mr. E. K. Feodorov, magnetologist and astronomer, Mr. E. T. Krenkel, radiolst, the chief of the scientific group, Mr. I. D. Papanin, and the hydrobiologist, Mr. P. P. Shirshov.

Two other 'planes with supplementary instruments, equipment, food and many other members of the expedition are waiting for orders from O. J. Schmidt. As

(Continued on page 8 Col 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

POPULAR FRONT ALIVE.

The situation in France is, for the time being, easy, but also "intriguing." The offensive of High Finance and Big Business through their henchmen in the Senate may not have failed. But it has not succeeded either. It is a position more or less of stalemate in favour, if possible, of the Popular Front. M. Chautemps has done what we did not expect him to do. Instead of creating a split in the Radical Socialist Party—the right wing of the Popular Front—and, therefore, a split in the Popular Front itself he has decided to maintain it and, indeed, to form a Popular Front Government with the old programme. The programme is the pith of the whole problem and, if, as is reported, both the Socialists and Communists are going to support M. Chautemps the programme really remains. This is a welcome solution of the grave crisis, and its reactions may indeed prove valuable. There will be no change in the international situation as a result of M. Blum's fall, and this in itself is a great gain. Internally the present position must at least partially demoralise the Capitalists and reactionaries. They hoped to bundle out the Popular Front. It has only come back with the same programme. The next few days will be not only interesting, but also exciting—provided, of course, M. Chautemps sticks to his present determination.

NEXT MOVE IN SPAIN

With France in the doldrums the danger to Spanish democracy which is now fighting almost literally with its back to the wall has been gravely intensified. The conquest of Bilbao by Italo-German aeroplanes and an army composed practically exclusively of Moors and foreign Fascists must inspire not so much General Franco as his masters and patrons to make a final and grand effort—especially now that a craven Non-Intervention Committee must naturally be further weakened by the fall of the Socialist Government in France—to win Spain for Fascism. The ground is being prepared under the auspices of the "Rome-Berlin-axis". An Italian steamer was alleged to have been severely bombed and machine-gunned—although by a curious combination of wonderful miracles nobody was injured, nor was the steamer seriously damaged. Immediately afterwards it was suddenly discovered that the Spaniards had been trying—and for some time past too—to torpedo German warships in Spain. And the situation is now so grave that Baron von Neurath is obliged to be at his post of duty in Berlin. Obviously Rome and Berlin are preparing excuses for further and more serious action. But the democracies of the world are deliberately and contemptibly deaf and blind.

NON-INTERVENTION "FAILS."

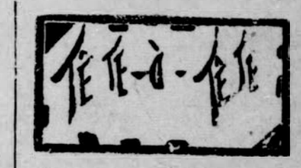
It is something that Lord Plymouth should admit the failure of that peculiarly perverse invention of international diplomacy, the scheme of non-intervention. But it is characteristic of British statesmanship that the responsibility for failure should be laid on both sides, the constitutional and legal Government of Spain and the illegal outlawed rebels. With a blatant obstinacy, which will make any ordinary decent-minded ashamed of himself, British statesmen insist that the Government are to blame equally with the rebels. Can any one possibly believe for one single moment that the Government in Spain have received or are receiving from abroad even a fraction of the arms and ammunition that the rebels are openly and officially receiving from Italy and Germany?

THE TRAGIC IRONY.

The passionate denunciation of world democracy by the President of the Basques must still be ringing in ears. The Spanish Government have just issued a statement referring to "the ironic system of control, the sole purpose of which has been to assure the impunity of foreign Fascists to send invading armies and war materials to Spain." Is there any exaggeration in either? Mr. Anthony Eden has himself been pleased to admit in as clear a language as he is capable of, the fact of Italian and German planes having bombed Bilbao. Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini have never hesitated officially to send congratulations to General Franco on his (!) victories. And it is a notorious fact that Italian and German "volunteers" constitute really a Fascist army of invasion. Yet British statesmen denounce both sides with equal emphasis and, what is more, the disappointment is not at all so acute in the matter of withdrawal of "volunteers" as in that of the ban on arms and ammunition. Is this an honest attitude to adopt? It is something, as we say, that British statesmen have admitted failure. But is it to do the right and democratic thing by Spain or to yield further to Fascism?

ZANZIBAR BILL PROTESTS

The speeches made at the meetings held in Bombay and elsewhere on Monday to protest against the Zanziba Clove Monopoly Bill testify to the acute indignation prevailing in this country against that obnoxious legislation. The Monopoly Bill cannot be justified on any ground whatever. It was made abundantly clear at the protest meetings that Indians have no desire whatever to exploit the sons of the soil. Their only anxiety is to safeguard their legitimate interests, which have been built up laboriously during the last century. It is extremely unfortunate that in spite of the unanimous demand for an embargo upon Zanzibar cloves, the Government of India do not seem inclined to take this step, which is the only way of vindicating the self-respect of India as well as of securing the redress of the wrong done to Indians in Zanzibar.



"HUMAN TRAGEDY" IN BRITISH EMPIRE.

London Conference to Consider Woes of Coloured People.

—Headlines.

Order, order. It's nothing to do with the Empire Conference and *vice versa*, much less with Whitehall.

* * *

"Heavy showers of rain continued at short intervals during the course of the afternoon and night of Monday."

—News item.

Preparing a sort of atmosphere for the Viceroy's message.

And, of course, there were heashowers accompanied by stormy wind on Tuesday morning too.

* * *

Viceroy Does Not Pave Way To Peace, observes Sjt. Jairamdas Daulatram.

But, any way, the Congress leader cannot deny that His Excellency has contributed 5000 words worth of good intentions.

* * *

Simla, according to our correspondent, thinks that "in effect the Viceroy's message is a promise of good will from Government's side."

Now this is almost an insult to Government. When in the long association of well nigh two centuries, was good-will ever lacking in the Government? Indeed, Simla can be safely challenged to produce a single authoritative pronouncement during the period which is without good-will. The 'bona fides' of Government are a historical fact.

* * *

The last three months constitute, solemnly declares an Anglo-Indian journal, "a most valuable period; perhaps when historians look back, it may prove to have been one of the most fruitful periods in India's history."

It may; in fact, it will. The Viceroy was silent.

* * *

In his broadcast message the Viceroy pleads against interrupting the rhythm and momentum of continuous progressive political reform....."

We knew that the New Constitution was less a constitution than a sort of Rumba dance.

* * *

Referring to the ban on Maulana Hussain Ahmad and the arrest of Syed Sajjad Zahir, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru suggested at Allahabad, that they might constitute parts of a "planned repression."

Well, why not? This is an era of Plans all over the world relating to subjects nearest to the hearts of the various authorities.

* * *

The donor of Baldwin's Imperial Trust Fund has expressed the hope that India will not be excluded from the benefits of the scheme."

Worse luck. India's hunch that there was more than a catch in the "abdication" of ex-King Edward seems to have been justifiable.

* * *

Baron von Neurath has postponed his visit to London because "repeated attacks of 'Reds' in Spain on German warships "necessitate his presence in Berlin."

In other words, now that Bilbao has fallen to German aeroplanes, it would be a good idea to finish the whole job quickly with the added help of the German Navy—the Non-Intervention Committee, of course, resolutely facing "reality" with its collective back.

* * *

BURMESE YOUTH TO MOBILISE

Out to Establish New Social Order.

—Headlines.

Some attempt of the kind is, we think, urgently called.

We have just read Dr. Ba Maw, Burma's Leader and representative at the Empire Conference, declaring: "I have seen some very big things since coming to London, but the biggest of all is an English meal."

Provincial Autonomy Or Court Of Wards?

Unionist's Bitter Attack On Govt. Of India Act In Punjab Assembly

At the first touch of reality, even those who set to work the new Constitution without conditions and in all faith, seem to get disgusted. This feeling was given expression to in the Punjab Assembly on Tuesday during the budget debate.

Can't Face People

"We can't face the people with this Government of India Act and say we can't give you relief," declared Raja Sir Ghaznafar Ali Khan in the course of his speech in support of the budget proposals.

Court Of Wards!

He attacked Provincial Autonomy as nothing more than Court of Wards, which was still under the control of the British Government.

WOMAN SPEAKS THROUGH VEIL: ANOTHER QUOTES LENIN IN HOUSE

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, June 23.

Spirited eloquence of women members was one of the relieving features of to-day's session of the Punjab Assembly. Heavily veiled in black, but speaking in a voice which was clear and ringing, Mrs. Latifi poured out her complaints from the Unionist Benches. Women were eager for education, but as men held the purse-strings they were neglected. In no country in the world were women so loyal and faithful to their menfolk as in India, but nowhere were they so badly neglected. So on went her tirade against man. Her plain-speaking, however, did not seem disconcerting to her men colleagues for they punctuated her speech with repeated cheers.

LENIN QUOTED

No sooner had she resumed her seat than Mrs. Raghbir Kaur, woman member from the Congress benches, rose with another spirited speech. There were cheers and laughter when she turned to Mrs. Latifi and retorted: "What is the use of speaking of freedom from Government benches?" She quoted Lenin to remind the House that unless they helped their women they could not get freedom.

Raja Sir Ghaznafarali Khan who was the main speaker on the Government side was both apologetic and challenging by turns. Hailing the budget as the first budget of a National Government he pleaded that the Finance Member's hands were tied down by the Constitution. Addressing the Opposition, he asked:

"How much can you do?"

"Much more." "Quite a lot," rang cries from benches opposite.

Later, however, the speaker demanded revolutionary changes in the policy of taxation and retrenchment. Referring to the poverty and unemployment in the country, he said: "We can't face the people with this Government of India Act and say we can't give you relief." He also attacked provincial autonomy as nothing more than Court of Wards which was still under the control of the British Government.

MINISTER SILENCED

During the question hour there was interesting passage-at-arms between Dewan Chamanlal and Sir Sunder Singh. "Because I do not want to in the interests of public" was the latter's reply when Dewan Chamanlal asked why he refused to place certain letters on the table of the House. "What is the public interest? How is it dangerous to public peace? Why is it confidential? Will he change his policy?" Questions like these were hurled by Dewan Chamanlal in succession, but the Revenue Minister declined to answer and sat mum.

PROPERTY SOLD FOR FINES

SIMLA, June 22

Attendance in the Chamber was thin due to stormy weather when the Punjab Assembly met this morning with Sir Shahabuddin, the Speaker, in the chair.

Premier Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan informed Dr. Gopichand Bhargava that Rs. 750 was realised by the sale of land or property confiscated by Government during the civil disobedience movement of 1930 and 1932 in the Punjab. This amount was realised from sale of property attached for non-payment of fines inflicted by courts in criminal cases.

Sardar Sampuran Singh attempted to move an adjournment motion on the murder of a Sikh at Ala village, but the Speaker did not give him permission on the ground that it was not of recent occurrence.—A.P.

RELEASED AFTER 18 YEARS IN JAIL

Three Punjab Martial Law Prisoners

LAHORE, June 22.

In pursuance of the recent statement made by the Chief Minister of the Punjab Assembly, three Punjab Martial Law prisoners, Mahashe Rattanchand, Mohammaddin and Girdharilal, who were sentenced to life imprisonment in 1919, were released from Central Jail this morning.

Congress circles were unaware of the release, but when the three men after spending 18 years and one month in prison, emerged from the prison as free men, they were met by some Congressmen who gave them an unofficial though warm welcome. The news quickly spread, and was received with the greatest interest in Nationalist circles.—A.P.

PUNJAB GOVT. TO FLOAT NEW LOAN

SIMLA: June 22.

The Punjab Government have to repay 5½ per cent. of the bonds amounting to about 86 lakhs of rupees on October 12 next. It is understood they might issue a new loan to repay this loan and avail of easy market conditions. It is probable the new loan may include both cash and conversion terms.

The "United Press" learns that negotiations will soon be started with the Reserve Bank, with whom the Punjab Government had signed an agreement last year to float the new loan.—United Press.

BRIDGING INDO-BRITISH GULF!

Punjab Premier On Viceroy's "Sympathetic Gesture"

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, June 22.

Interviewed regarding the Viceroy's statement Sir Sikandar Hayatkhan Premier of the Punjab said:

"I earnestly hope that my countrymen and in particular the President of the Indian National Congress and Mahatma Gandhi will respond to this gesture and spirit wherein it has been made and thus set the people of this country on to the constructive development and service of the teaming millions for whom universal sympathy is professed by all political parties."

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Nanga Parbat Disaster

Dr. Wien Said To Have Perished: Dr. Luft Sole Survivor

SIMLA, June 22.

A telegram has been received from Gilgit that a letter has just been received there from Lt.-Col. Smart that Dr. Wien perished with others and Dr. Luft is the sole survivor of the climbing party.

Lt.-Col. Smart of the Gilgit Scouts left the climbing party at Camp 4 on the 14th to take the sick porters to the base. The climbing party were fit and preparing to proceed to Camp 5. Dr. Luft, whom Lt.-Col. Smart was relieving at the Base Camp reached Camp 4 on the 18th to find it buried beneath an ice avalanche. Three rucksacks were recovered but there is no hope of anyone being found alive but there are faint chances that the bodies may be recovered for burial.

The Assistant Political Agent, Chilas, and an Executive Engineer are proceeding to the Base with tools and men.—A.P.

BRADDOCK CONFIDENT

But Louis Hopes For Quick Knock-out

CHICAGO, June 22.

The odds on Louis have shortened to 2/5. The increasing confidence in Braddock is due to his excellent morale.

He is extremely fit and confident and said: "I will retain the title by a knock-out within eight rounds", to which Louis has replied: "I am gambling everything on a quick knock-out."

Despite the ballyhoo concerning the fight there has been no sell-out. Thirty thousand medium priced seats were available last night. It is estimated that 75,000 will visit the Comiskey Park situated in the toughest district of Chicago, where Radical clashes are liable to occur. A thousand police have been requisitioned. The weather forecast is ideal.—Reuter.

Joe Louis, who is a hot favourite to win the world heavyweight title from Braddock.

James J. Braddock, who is defending his world heavyweight title against Joe Louis on Tuesday night.

WIMBLEDON TENNIS

American Champion Extended

LONDON, June 22.

At Wimbledon sunny weather greeted the first appearance of women competitors, early play yielded no surprises, but the British Wightman Cup player, Mary Hardwick extended the American Champion, Alice Marble, before the American won 9-11, 6-4, 6-3.

Hardwick made amazing rally in the first set. She was 0-4, then 2-5 but Marble reached the set point. Hardwick, however, led 7-6, 8-7. It seemed she would have the set and victory, when she was 3-1 in the third set but the American made a storming finish.

All notables Stammers, Scriven, Dorothy Round Yorke, Heeley, Lizana, Sperling, Jedrzejowska were successful.—Reuter.

MONTH'S LEASE OF LIFE FOR COLIN CLIVE

LOS ANGELES, June 22.

According to his doctor, the condition of the film actor Colin Clive is most grave, but he may live another month.—Reuter's Special.

Zanzibar Protest

INDIANS OBSERVE HARTAL

Legislature Meeting Postponed To July 15

ZANZIBAR, June 22.

The Zanzibar Indian Association cables:—

All classes and sections of the Indian community in Zanzibar and Pemba observed complete peaceful Hartal.

Indians in Kenya and Tanganyika held sympathetic meetings.

The meeting of the Legislative Council has been postponed to July 15.

PALESTINE REPORT

To Be Considered By Cabinet Before Publication

LONDON: June 22.

The report of the Palestine Commission was signed to-day.

It will be immediately presented to the King, whereafter it will be considered by the Cabinet before its publication.—Reuter.

AUCKLAND MILLS CLOSE DOWN

CALCUTTA, June 22.

While the strike of operatives at the Angus Jute Mill, Hooghly District, continues, the Auckland Jute Mill at Jagatdal, Barrackpore, had to be closed this morning owing to a section of spinners stopping work. It is stated that as a condition precedent to their resumption they demand the dismissal of a Muslim clerk, who, according to them is guilty of maltreatment and dismissal of several workers.

The allegations, however, are denied by the management of the mill, who held an inquiry into them, and they have consequently refused to dismiss the clerk.—A.P.

RECEPTION TO SAVARKAR

Sangli Presents Purse At Public Meeting

SANGLI, June 22.

Mr. Vinayakrao Savarkar and Party arrived in Sangli from Pandharpur on Tuesday morning and was taken in a procession. He visited many institutions in the city and addressed meeting attended by 5,000 people. A purse of Rs. 501 was presented at the conclusion of the meeting. There was slight disturbance at the meeting, which however terminated in peace.

Mr. Savarkar leaves Sangli tomorrow.—A. P.

MAHARASHTRA WELCOMES SAVARKAR

POONA, June 22.

A section of the Sanatanists of Pandharpur, a famous pilgrim centre in the Maharashtra, organised hostile demonstration against Mr. Vinayakrao Savarkar. In his tour of the Maharashtra, he was received enthusiastically everywhere else.—A.P.

Close Fight For 40 Hour Convention

First Reading Passed But May Be Defeated In Final Reading

GENEVA, June 21.

Mr. Nayudu addressing the International Labour Conference on behalf of Indian workers urged employers not to be too dilatory in improving the conditions of workers and accepting humanitarian conventions.

The Conference adopted the first reading of the draft conventions for 40-hour week in textile, chemical and printing industries by 72 to 42; 62 to 41; and 66 to 41 votes respectively.

Final readings are taking tomorrow when they will require a two-thirds majority to ensure their adoption.

It is considered likely that there will be very close call for the Textile Convention and others are regarded practically lost.

The Conference approved a resolution submitted by Mr. Sen, Indian workers' delegate, approving the British Government's statement that the International Labour Conventions were ratified by India, while Burma was a part of India would remain binding on Burma.

The resolution invited the governing body to consider whether it was desirable to include in future conventions a provision permitting the accession thereto by fully self-governing colonies protectorates and possessions which are not separate members of the International Labour Office.—Reuter.

INDO-JAPANESE TRADE AGREEMENT

Formal Drafts To Be Signed Shortly

TOKIO, June 22.

It is understood that the formal draft of the Indo-Japanese Trade Agreement has been completed.

The Agreement will be signed by the Indian and Japanese delegates in London shortly.—Reuter.

FRENCH CABINET

Georges Bonnet For Finance Portfolio

(Special Cable.)

PARIS, June 22.

M. Chautemps, the Premier-Designate is expected to hand M. Lebrun by midday a Cabinet list much on lines of M. Blum's.

Name of M. Georges Bonnet is mentioned for the difficult Finance portfolio.

A later message states:—

M. Chautemps is confident of success. He will announce the new Ministry to-night.

BONNET ACCEPTS.

A Washington message states:—Ambassador, M. Georges Bonnet, has accepted the portfolio of the Finance in the new French Government. He sails immediately.

BLUM PROGRAMME TO CONTINUE

All Leftist Parties Will Support New Cabinet

PARIS: June 22.

The Socialist Parliamentary Group has decided in favour of supporting the Popular Front Government led by M. Chautemps, whose chances of forming a Cabinet are thus increasing, but it is not likely that the Cabinet will be announced before mid-day tomorrow.

Socialist have also agreed to take office in the Cabinet but an official decision on both these points can only be reached by the Socialist National Council which is meeting in the morning.

M. Chautemps also has personal support of M. Blum while the support of Communists also appears to be likely.

It is indicated that M. Chautemps intends to continue the programme of the Blum Government "under a new management" until further notice.—Reuter.

FOR SCENE OF DISASTER

Himalayan Foundation Members To Fly From Munich

BERLIN: June 22.

Three heads of the Himalayan Foundation will fly from Munich for India on June 25, catching the British aeroplane at Brindisi and arrive at Karachi on June 27, whence they will proceed by the quickest way to the scene of the accident via Srinagar.

The flyers include Dr. Berchtold, Chairman of the Foundation and the well-known mountaineer, Herr Baur.—Reuter's Special.

Mediation Fails In "Battle Of Steel"

BOARD SOUNDS ALARM

Troops Called Out And Civil Population Disarmed: Roosevelt's Appeal

CLEVELAND (Ohio), June 22.

America's "Battle of Steel" continues tensely as Government Mediators strive desparately, and hitherto ineffectively, to find a settlement of the nearly month old strike, which involves 100,000 men in seven States and which has already taken toll of twelve dead and 221 injured.

NEW YORK: Following a telegraphic appeal from Mr. Roosevelt, "in the interests of public safety and a reasonable and peaceful settlement", some Youngstown steel-owners have indicated that they have abandoned plans to reopen the Mahoning Valley Plants to-day.

At the request of the Mediation Board, the Governor of Ohio has ordered 4,800 troops to the vicinity of the factories and is disarming the civil population.—Reuter's Special.

S. O. S. TO ROOSEVELT

NEW YORK: June 22.

The leaders of the Committee of Industrial Organisation has telegraphed to Mr. Roosevelt appealing to him "in the name of God" to stop "the back to work" march in Youngstown, Ohio, which the steel-owners have ordered for Tuesday.

The telegram warns the President that any attempt to open the gates will automatically bring a terrific violence and bloodshed and concludes: "We urge you immediately to intervene in this critical hour to avoid the calamity of a disaster that Ohio may remember for decades."—Reuter.

NO REDUCTION IN GOLD PRICE

S. African Minister's Plea For International Standard

PARIS, June 22.

The weight of evidence is definitely against the likelihood of a fall in the price of gold, according to Mr. Havenga, Finance Minister. Opening the South African pavillion of the International Exhibition, Mr. Havenga declared that countries like Britain, America and the British Commonwealth certainly won't welcome a new period of fluctuation in the value of gold. Reduction of gold price would not prevent hoarding and at least for several years would not reduce the amount of the new gold mined. It was possibly true that a lower gold price would check the rising of commodity prices but only at the cost of stopping, perhaps reversing, the recovery movement. Such considerations would not have escaped the notice of Government, which were in a position to influence gold price.

"Therefore our best efforts should be directed to the removal of obstacles to an international gold standard."—Reuter

BAKSHI ADAMANT

Jawahar Urges Him To End Hunger-Strike

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, June 22.

Mr. Lal Bahadur Shashtri, Congress M.L.A., interviewed Sachin Bakshi in the Naini Central Jail yesterday for over an hour and tried to persuade him to give up hunger-strike. Bakshi, however, declined to give up the hunger-strike. He told Mr. Lal Bahadur that Congress should carry on India-wide agitation for the release of political prisoners and the question should be seriously taken up by the Working Committee of the Congress at its next meeting.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, I understand, has been apprised of Bakshi's conditions. He would very much like him to discontinue the hunger-strike and wait till the Congress had real power to intervene in the matter. He feels that the meeting of the Working Committee will still take several days to be held and in the meantime his condition might become worse.

It is likely Pt. Nehru will either see Bakshi or send a message to him shortly.

Bakshi has lost 22 pounds in weight.

Earlier Spanish News

BRITISH GOVT. ARE KEENLY DISAPPOINTED, SAYS PLYMOUTH

LONDON, June 21.

The British Government are deeply disappointed with the results hitherto achieved and regards the present state of affairs as thoroughly unsatisfactory related Lord Plymouth, presiding over the Sub-Committee of the Non-Intervention Committee.

British Government are keenly disappointed that despite agreements of elaborate organisation arms and war materials continue to reach both sides in Spain. The view of the British Government is that this state of affairs could not be allowed to continue if the existence of the Non-Intervention Committee were to be justified and its previous efforts not be wasted.

The Government should make intensive efforts in its own territory to ensure that the obligations of the Non-Intervention Treaty were strictly observed. If there is no early evidence of such co-operation the British Government would feel bound to take this fact into account in giving further consideration to the situation.

Foreign Nationals

The presence of a large number of foreign nationals in Spain is one of the most unsatisfactory features of the present situation. It was the desire of the British Government that a start should be made at the earliest possible moment with practical measures to initiate the withdrawal of the foreign nationals.

Representatives of the Chairman's Sub-Committee agreed to request the respective Governments to do all in their power to expedite the submission of statements defining their view on the plan for the withdrawal from Spain of non-Spanish nationals engaged in the present conflict.—Reuter.

WARSHIP EXPLOSION

GIBRALTAR, June 21.

The recent explosion in the Spanish Government battleship "Jaime First" in which 18 persons were reported to have been killed and a hundred injured was far more serious than officially admitted in Valencia. It is learned from reliable sources here, according to which casualties were 176 killed and 200 injured.—Reuter.

BERLIN REACTION ON PLYMOUTH'S SPEECH

BERLIN, June 22.

With reference to Lord Plymouth's statement it is stated in political circles that if the Non-Intervention Committee does not come to a quick decision regarding the supply of arms to both sides it is considered in Berlin that it is not improbable the Non-Intervention policy will break down.—Reuter.

CONGRESS HOLD OVER THE MASSES

Sacrifices And Services To People Have Increased It

Mr. R. S. Hukerikar writes:—

It is admitted by all, even by the opponents of the Congress, that the Congress workers have created a tremendous awakening amongst the masses during the last seven to eight years.

The first direct touch the Congress workers established with the masses was in 1921. But then only one issue was prominently placed before the villagers, viz: Prohibition.

Understanding Each Other

I remember perfectly well how almost in every place where volunteers were located to carry on picketing of liquor shops a large crowd of villagers used to join them and support them in every way.

The second occasion was in the days of the two Satyagraha campaigns. In this period people from urbun and rural areas had to live together in the jails for a long period. There they got opportunities to understand one another and established intimate connections.

It was, therefore, easy to open centres of work in the rural parts after the Congress was declared lawful in 1934. In almost every District, attempts were made to carry on some sort of work by groups of workers residing in villages and forming Ashrams. The latest opportunity of establishing mass contact was afforded by the recent elections to the Legislatures. The Congress workers fully utilized the occasion.

150 MEETINGS IN EACH TALUKA

The non-Congress candidates having no organisation behind them, depended for securing votes on the agents and spent huge amounts to satisfy the demands of the intermediaries. But the Congress Committees sent out workers almost to every village to explain the object of their entering into the Legislatures.

From the reports received in the office of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, it is gathered that in every taluka not less than 150 meetings were held by the Congress organizers during the two months prior to the elections.

When the Congress demanded assurance from the Government in order to form the Ministries, and the Government refused to give such an assurance and formed 'interim' ministries, some of the educated people, especially those who never moved in the villages, thought that the Congress would lose its hold on the masses.

CONGRESS INFLUENCE OVER MASSES.

They forgot altogether that the influence of the Congress over the masses is not due to any superficial reasons but it was purely due to the sacrifices and services during the last fifteen years and now they are realising to their surprise and sorrow that even when the Congress is not in power, thousands of villagers gather round the tri-coloured flag and were ready to listen to the message of the Congress.

The Congress workers are now busy holding peasant conferences in various parts of the Province. These are held in purely rural areas but thousands of peasants attend and participate in the proceedings. Some times they bring their food with them and some times they are fed by the local villagers. But they spend a full day discussing amongst themselves the resolutions that are passed.

THREE KINDS OF RESOLUTIONS

The resolutions generally adopted may be divided into three categories—(1) Concerning local problems, such as digging wells, establishing schools, removal of liquor shops, repairs to tanks, etc. (2) Those directly affecting the economic condition of the peasants, viz., reducing land revenue, removing rural indebtedness, etc., and (3) The subjects which affect them indirectly but are ultimately of great importance. Those may be termed as political subjects.

The heavy rural indebtedness, the high level of land-tax, the rack-renting by the landlords, the excessive interest charged even by the Co-operative Societies by way of penal interest, scarcity of even drinking water, the neglect of the old irrigation tanks—formed common subjects in the second category.

CORRUPTION IN GOVERNMENT OFFICES.

In one of the conferences, a peasant suggested that a resolution drawing attention of the Government to the corruption in Government offices be passed. He narrated his experiences how at every step in the Court he had to pay to get his work done. Really the ignorant people have to pay more by way of "Inam" or "Kushi" than what they actually pay as fees or stamps. More than the excessive Court fees, these illegal charges are preventing the poor people from going to Court and securing justice.

In every conference of the peasants, resolution expressing no-confidence in the present ministry is passed with great acclamation.

In the Dharwar Taluka Conference at Gadag one gentleman brought a resolution that we should dis-own Mr. Kambli as our representative. He was pressing for it but the organisers suggested that no personal resolutions should be taken in the conference hence it was dropped.

The success of these conferences is a sure indication of the sympathies of the masses towards the Congress. Those who live and move amongst the peasants do not feel the slightest doubt that if another general election comes, Congress will get more seats than at present.

The Congress M.L.A.'s and other workers will do well to take up this work intensively instead of carrying on theoretical discussions from easy chairs.

LABOURERS IN SCARCITY WORKS NOT PAID WAGES

Sequel To Departmental Tussle

(From Our Correspondent).

DOHAD, June 21.

It is understood that the bi-weekly payments to the labourers in the scarcity works have not been made for the last 15 days and the reason seems to be the departmental tussle going on between the Public Works Department and the scarcity officer

Orders are understood to have been issued by the Bombay Government to the Famine officers to reduce the wages by 25 per cent. as soon as it rains with a view to induce "the labourers to leave the scarcity works and engage on agriculture."

One of the main reasons for not declaring famine in these parts was that the Government did not want huge amounts of money out of the famine fund but utilise the other funds for the same. As a result less amounts have been spent on the permanent works and the amount spent on the construction of roads was utilised from the Road Development Fund collected out of petrol cess.

EDUCATIONAL EXPERT'S REPORT

Will Govt. Accept Its Recommendations?

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, June 22.

The report of the Educational Experts, Abbott and Wood, is now in the hands of the Government of India.

It is learnt it is a fairly large volume of 80 uages foolscap.

The main recommendations are believed to relate to industrial education. The Government are now considering whether to have the recommendations examined by a central advisory board of education or publish them in order to elicit public opinion on them.

The final decision is expected to be taken shortly.

Amritsar Situation Improving

AMRITSAR, June 21.

Arising out of the recent disturbances, in addition to the Muslim who died previously, one more Kashmiri aged 60, succumbed to his injuries last night in the Civil Hospital. The funeral took place closely guarded by the Police, Magistrate, police and military precautions remain unrelaxed.

There are only 27 injured Muslims left in the Civil Hospital and one Sikh. All are improving satisfactorily.

Conditions are perfectly peaceful and the city is returning to normal though trade is badly hit owing to the absence of visitors. The Deputy Commissioner and Magistrates are still remaining at Kotwali day and night.—A. P.

COMMUNAL TROUBLES IN PUNJAB

Premier Suggests All-Party Committee Of M.L.A's. To Keep Watch

SIMLA, June 21.

Sympathy for the victims and regret at the unfortunate communal riots in Guirat and Amritsar were expressed by the Premier, Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, in the course of a lengthy statement in Punjab Assembly.

ANOTHER INCIDENT

Another unfortunate incident, quite unconnected with the recent communal tension, had occurred at Amritsar. A horse and tonga driven by a Sikh got out of hand and ran over three children, who all happened to be Muslims. Two of them died in hospital and one of them is undergoing treatment. The Premier regretted that this incident should have happened at this moment as it was likely to be misunderstood, and might further inflame feelings.

The total number of injured at Amritsar was 54. Those admitted to hospital numbered 28, of whom six had been discharged. Indoor patients numbered 20 and two had died since admission

ALL-PARTY COMMITTEE

The Premier suggested the advisability of setting up a small committee of the House consisting of members of all parties and all communities to keep watch over the communal situation all over the Province.

Dr. Gopichand Bhargava on behalf of the Opposition welcomed the Premier's statement and assured the Government of their fullest support in the measures taken to put a stop to the communal riots in the Province.—A.P.

'ROTARY' OUT TO BRING UTOPIA ON EARTH

Hammond Explains Ideals Of Club

Journalists Invited To Weekly Luncheon Meeting At "Green's"

With a view to create fellowship and camaraderie among the different sections of the people and to develop the spirit of service to the community, the Rotary Club was started. The first Club was started in Chicago during the first decade of the twentieth century and since then it had grown and devoloped. There were hundreds of Rotary Clubs all over the World and thousands of people belonging to different nationalities were Rotarians"

In these words Rotarian W H. Hammond explained the "Ideals of Rotary" at the Bombay Rotary Club Lunch on Tuesday at the Green's Hotel. The Club which is an exclusive one for the first time invited a number of Journalists to attend their weekly Luncheon meetings

PRESS AND ROTARY CLUB.

From what Mr T. R S. Kynnersley, the President of the Club stated the journalists had been asked to attend with a view to clear some misunderstanding that seemed to prevail regarding the Rotary Club. It appears that suggestions had been made that the Club should interest itself in politics and religion. The President explained that the Club could not do that. The Club's aim was not to interest itself in politics, but to bring together members from all walks of life, from different nationalities and create opportunities for better understanding for the benefit of all

IDEALS OF ROTARY.

Rotarian W. H Hammond, one of the senior members of the Club explained "The Ideals of Rotary" and surveyed the development of the Rotary Ideals since the first Club was started in Chicago. The objects of the Rotary were fourfold. Firstly it aimed at development of acquaintance as an opportunity for service. The membership of the Rotary Club was not open for all. It was not like other clubs where one applied and got himself admitted. In the Rotary Club, the Club invited persons, whom they thought would be beneficial to the service of the community to become members of the Club. There was no bar against nationalities or communities. By meeting every now and then these members who belong to different nationalities, would understand each other. Understanding went a long way in removing prejudice and hatred. For example in the Bombay Club there were members from thirteen different nationalities and there was not a single charitable or beneficial institution in the city which did not have a Rotarian on its Committee.

ETHICAL STANDARDS.

The other three objects of Rotary are high ethical standards in business and professions: advancement of international understanding, peace and goodwill through a world fellowship of business and professional men united in the ideal of service.

Rotarian Hammond continuing said the Rotarians in Bombay have been rendering good deal of service. They have been doing it silently as they do not believe in publicity. For example they had helped two young men to join the "Dufferin" training ship one young man had been helped to prosecute higher studies in England and the two Harijan boys were helped to study upto the High School standard.

WANTED SOLEMN DECLARATION

MADRAS, June 22.

"The Viceroy's statement on the political impasse gives evidence of His Excellency's desire to conciliate the country in that it reiterates, in clear and authoritative terms, the various reassuring interpretations of the Act made by spokesmen of His Majesty's Government in response to the Congress demand" says the "Hindu" commenting on the Viceroy's message.

"The Congress has not, however, secured all that it has wanted. Its misgivings not have all of them been set at rest. But we are sure it will give every consideration to all implications of a solemn declaration backed by every authority concerned in the working of the Act that the Provincial Autonomy contemplated in the Act is real and that it will be worked in spirit and letter as a measure which has conferred genuine parliamentary form of democratic Government on India."—United Press.

DUTY ON NEWSPRINT

Govt.'s Final Orders Expected In A Fortnight

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, June 22.

It is understood the final decision regarding the duty on newsprint is not yet taken by the Government. Delay is stated to have been caused by the obligation laid on the Government of India under the Indo-Burma Trade Regulation order whereby import and export duties levied in British India immediately before separation may only be reduced or abolished with the previous consent of the Burma Governor.

Consultation in respect of duty on newsprint, it is understood, is now in progress and the Government of India's final orders may be expected within the next fortnight.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

A MASK

From the gallery D'Artagnan had witnessed this scene which was comprehensible only to four persons—the king, the queen, the cardinal and himself. As a matter of fact, the king did not understand everything, for he did not know that Anne of Austria owed her unexpected triumph over the cardinal to D'Artagnan.

The queen had just left the hall when D'Artagnan felt a light touch on his shoulder. A young woman wearing a mask signed to him to follow her. D'Artagnan was delighted to recognise beautiful Madame Bonacieux, and followed her along innumerable winding passages to a room which was almost dark, but where he could hear merry voices of women from the adjoining apartments.

THE REWARD

Suddenly he could distinguish the queen's voice from the others by her slightly foreign accent. A door hidden by rich tapestry led into the other room, and all at once he saw the beautiful white arm of a woman glide through the tapestry. He realised that it was the queen, who wished to present him with a reward. Full of gratitude D'Artagnan took the magnificent ring and kissed the queen's hand respectfully.

Again a door opened. It was Madame Bonacieux, still wearing her mask signing to him to keep quiet.

"Silence! Silence, and go the same way you came."

"But when shall I see you again?" whispered D'Artagnan.

"You will know to-morrow."

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MUSLIMS & GUJERATI LANGUAGE

Literary Conference At Dabhoi

A Conference of Muslim Literary Society met at Dabhoi on Monday.

Mr. S. B. Syed, who was the Chairman of the Reception Committee, spoke on 'Gazals' and said that how the Gujarati language was 'murdered' by the composers. 'Gazals,' he said, alleviated the mental sufferings if sang properly and couched in the proper language. That was not the case with the present-day poets. Poet 'Sunderam,' who presided over the Conference, urged the Gujarat Muslims to take greater interest in Gujarati language and to study it as they did Urdu and Persian.

OUR MOSCOW LETTER

(Continued from page 6.)

soon as the weather conditions are favourable they will be asked to take off from Rudolf Island, for the North Pole.

The present expedition of the U. S. S. R. on the North Pole will undoubtedly go down in the annals of human civilisation as one of the most brilliant feats of the twentieth century. The North Pole is conquered and will be put into the service of mankind. For this achievement both the Soviet people and the Government are to be congratulated.

Mainly About Motion Pictures

"OUR DARLING DAUGHTERS"

At The Imperial Cinema

(CONTRIBUTED.)

From Saturday, the 26th inst that the Imperial Cinema will run "Our Darling Daughters" an Imperial picture of paramount interest.

It is a pressing problem of the modern times whether the education which our girls receive in schools and colleges benefit them to cope with the difficulties in after life. Some cling to the view that modern education fails to achieve its purpose as the recipients of it are not able to grapple with the difficulties that spring up in after life.

"THE PRESIDENT"

13th Week At The Krishna

(Contributed)

Everybody interested in Indian film art is proud to see New Theatres' latest production—"The President" to represent Indian film art to be exhibited at Cinematographic Exhibition at Venice this year. It was the public that is responsible for the selection of "The President" for the same and one can proudly say that India can produce picture that can easily stand in comparison with any foreign piece of art.

"The President" which is running in its 13th glorious week at the Krishna Talkies, is still drawing full houses in spite of rain—one can possibly say that New Theatres have definitely played a progressive role in our Indian film art and have tried to raise the standard of the film production in India. The effect is quite obvious. The leading producing concerns all over India try to imitate New Theatres. It is not bad—on the contrary very good. Thus New Theatres have established itself, as one and only leading film producing concern in whole of India.

Much has been written about the presentations, the technique, the theme, the music of the "President"—and people who have seen it once or twice, go on doing the same every week. They say that more often they see "The President" greater they are interested in its wonderful story.

The love, the sacrifice, the sublime and soul-stirring climax make this picture a wonderful synthesis, a piece of real art can possess.

Saigal in his leading role of a mill-worker captures the hearts of the audience. Kamalesh Kumari does her role wonderfully good, while Leela Desai, New Theatres' new find, establishes herself as one of the greatest female stars shining brightly in the firmament of the present star-world. Nawab does justice to his role and Jagdeesh, B.A., Bikram Kapoor and Deobala do their parts successfully. The direction and photography by Sjt. Nitin Bose are responsible for this grand success of the picture.

One can never miss "The President" at the Krishna.

"TOOFANI-KHAZANA" OR "S. S. JALDEVI"

(Contributed)

In making of "Toofani-Khazana" or "S.S. Jaldevi" Aspandiar Kai Oshtori, the young and enterprising proprietor of the Ferdous Pictures, has successfully drifted the Indian film industry into a channel hitherto unexplored and untouched.

The picture is first of its kind to be produced entirely in sea and the story depicts a most blood-curdling tale of adventures of a party in search of buried treasure in an unknown island. Nowhere does the picture lose interest and it develops beautifully step by step—one moment it makes us sad for the unhappy plight of the slave girl torn away from her native country and parental roof by the captain of a pirate ship—the other moment we grind our teeth with rage at the nefarious intrigues of the villain—then we sit aghast at the bloody fight in the stormy sea—and then there is that song pathetic and shrill, that compose our feelings and transports our thoughts to a altogether different region—so does the picture go on and on making us most anxious every moment as that of the final ending.

Thanks to the zeal and patience of director Mehta, who has not allowed the picture to suffer in a single scene either from unnaturalness or absurdity or technique. It took more than six months for the actual shooting of the picture and one hundred thousand feet of film was used in making of it—just imagine the task for the editors to find the right combination for those 14,000 feet, which you will eventually see on the screen—the cream of their labour.

With a view to make the picture as entertaining as possible it is punctuated with very intelligent humour, most ravishing songs (that are now recorded by the Odeon Record Co.) and very fascinating dances.

The cast includes Miss Urmilla, a highly educated society girl from U. P., who acts extremely well opposite P. Jairaj, the veteran star of "Life Is A Stage" fame. There are also Dinkar, Gulab, Bhai Dessa, Yusuf and Aspy.

You must see the picture when released, for mark it is to be one of the most amazing and novel production of the year.

"SAVITRI PURNAM" TO-DAY

Ideal Of Hindu Womanhood To Be Seen On The Screen

(Contributed)

To-day Hindu women all over India will celebrate Savitri Purnam in memory of Savitri, the Princess of the legend, who is said to have reclaimed the life of her husband from the hands of death by sheer spiritual power with which kindly gods had endowed her as a reward for her devotion, penance and chastity. The name and story of Savitri is known in every Indian household. Few mythological characters are better known or more loved for their human qualities than Savitri. It is, therefore a happy idea of the Bombay Talkies to have based their new film starring Devika Rani on the legend of Savitri. A better artiste than Devika Rani could hardly be found to play the role of Savitri and she is said to have eclipsed all her previous achievements in

Continued in Col 5)

Kumari Sushila in "Savitri" Bombay Talkies forthcoming release.

Shrimati Karunadevi in "Beyond The Horizon" For Krishna.

"DHANWAN"

Ratan Bai Picture Opens At Opera House

(Contributed)

Despite heavy monsoon "Dhanwan," the Imperial production, starring Ratan Bai, opened with packed houses on Saturday. Ever since it has been attracting large audiences, mainly on the strength of Ratan Bai's excellent acting and her fine songs. She dances, too, much to the delight of her fans.

The story which revolves round the intrigues of the Bombay under-world, suitably relieved by a touching romance, has all the elements of an interesting film drama. "Dhanwan" is thus assured of a good and steady run.

Shrimati Durgabai Khote in "Pratibha" at the Majestic.

"JAGIRDAR"

Prizes To Cinema Fans

(Contributed)

For the last four weeks there has been only one talk in the town. They have all been talking about the unique success of Sagar's social picture "Jagirdar" which has been continuously drawing huge crowds.

The fourth week was particularly crowded, because of the inauguration of an intelligent competition and offering Rs. 750 as prizes to cinema fans. Comments are invited from the public on a very interesting questionnaire relating to the story of the picture. The questions are—(1) What do you think of the story of "Jagirdar" in general? Is it suitable for film production? (10 lines—10 marks). (2) What do you think of Maya (Usha) the new girl Sagar has introduced to the film fans? And why? (10 lines—10 marks). (3) Which song do you like best and why? Composition, tune and propriety should be the points of argument. (10 lines—10 marks). (4) What do you think of Farmer Shripat's (Pande) action in marrying Neela (Bibbo) without demanding the right to her bed? (15 lines—15 marks). (5) What have you to say of Society the way it disowned and spurned Neela (Bibbo) though she carried a child of legitimate love and secret wedding? Does every marriage need the hall mark of publicity amongst society to make it legitimate? And why? (20 lines—20 marks). (Original comments invited). (6) What do you think of the performances of the following:—(Frank and discriminating comments are invited): (1) Motilal as 'Ramesh' (5 lines—5 marks). (2) Surendra as 'Surendra' (5 lines—5 marks). (3) Bibbo as 'Neela' (5 lines—5 marks). (4) Maya as 'Usha' (5 lines—5 marks). (5) Yakub as 'Narayanlal' and 'Banwarilal' (5 lines—5 marks). (7) For neatness 10 marks are reserved.

It is a happy idea of the producers to take the public into a sympathetic confidence and openly call for comments on the picture, incidentally obtaining for themselves the correct guidance in the selection of future film subjects.

(Continued from Col. 2.)

this picture. It is, thus, with pleasant anticipation that her fans now look forward to the release of "Savitri" which is scheduled for Roxy immediately after the present film being shown there has run its course.

"Toofani-Khazana" to be soon released in

"Tukaram" at the Central (Prabhat)

Harwood League

Defenders Prevail

Bombay City Held To A Draw

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

Playing in the first division of the Harwood League Football, the Bombay Gymkhana forced the Bombay City to a draw, each side scoring once, at the Cooperage yesterday evening.

Although play never rose to any great heights, the game was very evenly contested and the result was a correct one. Cohen and Edden, the two goalkeepers, distinguished themselves, bringing off a number of spectacular saves. Almeida, Leonard and Schepers for the Bombay City and Collins, Schultz and Butcher for the Gymkhana were others, who were prominent throughout.

Bombay City's display was, however, not consistent with the high position they hold in the League tables, while the Bombay Gymkhana, playing with the customary dash and earnestness forced a point from their formidable opponents.

GYMKHANA'S EARLY LEAD.

Attacking vigorously from the very start, the Gymkhana established an early lead, Schultz, their centre-forward, being the scorer. Thus encouraged they kept up pressing their opponents and Cohen in the City goal had quite an anxious time but he kept up his 'sang-froid" and prevented the 'Mighty-Atoms' from increasing their lead. The City forwards struck their form after the play was twenty minutes old and they carried a good movement, which was spoilt by Woodcock, their right-wing. They had a number of shots before the interval was called, but Edden saved them all and the Gymkhana crossed over with a lead of one goal.

On resumption, the City forwards were again prominent and looked determined to level the score. It did not take them long to do so. In the 7th minute, a combined movement in which Proudfoot and Schepers participated, saw the last-named finding the net from a close range. Cohen was now called upon to save one or two difficult shots and in his usual free style, he held his post to advantage, while almost immediately after this Edden, in the other goal, brought off a brilliant save. Once got going, the City forwards kept the Gymkhana defence working hard and on one occasion Schepers cleverly picked up a centre from the left-wing but just missed the mark by inches. Following this the Gymkhana retaliated and looked rather dangerous on two occasions when but for Cohen's timely interceptions, they should have forged ahead.

Pope, the City pivot, now put his outside-right in possession, the latter running down the touch-line centred, but Proudfoot and Schepers, who did not keep pace with him, in attempting to reach the ball slipped down and the ball travelled across in front of the goal-mouth, while on the other end the Gymkhana forwards made a bold bid for the goal but found their better in Cohen, who once again came to the rescue of his side.

Towards the end the City was awarded a free-kick from about thirty yards and Pope sent in a hard drive. The Gymkhana custodian had to dive to save it going into the goal.

The teams retired on level with one goal each to their credit.

THE RESULT.

BOMBAY CITY. ..... 1 goal.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA... 1 goal.

THE TEAMS.

BOMBAY CITY: Cohen; Almeida and Leonard; D'Souza, Pope and D'Cunha; Woodcock, Proudfoot, Schepers, Wirth and Wilkins.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA: Edden; Collins and Baker; Tudge, Munro and Stillhard; Mareden, Love, Schultz, Butcher and Merchant.

Referee: Ranganatham.

To-day's Game

Cheshires v. Bombay United kick-off 5-50 p.m.

BANGALORE UKASE

Police Restrictions On Processions & Assemblies

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, (By Mail).

The City Magistrate of Bangalore has promulgated an "order under Section 45 of the Mysore police regulation" on the 19th inst. to be in effect for six months. "The public are hereby informed that the conduct of all assemblies and processions in or near a street any where within the limits of Bangalore city shall be regulated and controlled by licenses granted by the City Magistrate of Bangalore. This order will be in force for a period of six months from this date.

"Any procession or Assembly not duly covered by a license or which neglects or refuses to obey the license conditions shall be deemed to be an unlawful assembly and shall be liable to be stopped and dispersed."

U. P. Govt. Scholarship For Ex-Fergussonian

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, June 22.

Mr. G. R. Athawale, an ex-Fergussonian, who obtained first class in B.Sc. both at Bombay and London Universities, is sailing for England by s.s. "Carthage" on the 24th July to specialise in sugar engineering

Mr. Athawale has got two years a scholarship, specially provided for this purpose by the United Provinces Government.

ORGANISE & PRESENT UNITED FRONT

Biyani's Appeal To Akola Agriculturists

(From Our Correspondent.)

AKOLA, June 21.

The Hivarkhed Circle Political Conference was held at Hivarkhed on the 16th June 1937 under the presidentship of the Hon. Mr. Brijlal Biyani. The attendance was about 2,000 including some ladies.

Mr. Biyani in his presidential address reviewed the present political situation regarding the policy of the Government in connection with the land revenue problem. He advised the agriculturists to agitate, organise and to present a united front.

Resolutions condemning the interim ministry, asking the Government to stop coercive measures practised to collect the land revenue, asking the Government to reduce the enhanced land revenue immediately, and requesting the voters of the local bodies to vote for the Congress candidates were unanimously passed.

(Continued from Col. 7).

structions. He had not consulted the company for this

He called upon the accused to tender apology to Bachharaj and Co. also. The Company had not started any case against the accused till four days ago. When he gave the notice he was confident that if the accused had complied with the terms of notice he would have succeeded in persuading the company not to take any action against him. The Company had not done that kind of speculation while transacting cotton business, which was called "satta" business in courts. They had been doing forward sales For the last three or four years. the Company is doing agency business in securing money etc. for another Company.

The case is proceeding.

Bajaj Defamation Case

Reference To Statement In Auditor's Report

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, June 20.

Further hearing in the defamation case filed by Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Treasurer of the Indian National Congress, against the Editor of the "Sawadhan" a Marathi weekly paper of Nagpur, was resumed in the court of Mr. M. P. Shukla, First Class Magistrate, Wardha.

Seth Jamnalal said that there was a statement in the auditor's report, dated 7th January 1925 to the effect that a substantial amount is not represented by available assets. This did not relate to his Khadi Board but it related to the local Khadi Board under different provincial Congress Committees.

Proceeding Bajaj said that his business is carried on under the name of Bachharaj Jamnalal and the other name by which his business is carried on is Jamnalal Bajaj

Replying to Court Witness said that Bachharaj and Co. and Bacharaj Jamnalal did not transact the same business. Before the company came into existence the business of the witness was transacted under the name of Bachharaj Jamnalal. He was the Director of the Bachharaj and Co. The business of the company is generally carried on by a Board of Directors and in their absence by the Managing Directors; and in their absence he or other directors are consulted. Ganga Bisen was the Manager of Bachharaj and Co. at Wardha. He was witness's cousin from his natural family. A reference had been made of Bachharaj and Co also being defamed in the notice served on the accused under his in-

(Continued In Col. 6)

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

Bullion Easy But Wheat And Jute Firm

BOMBAY, June 22.

On Tuesday crossrates ruled easy.

N. Y. COTTON STEADY.

New York cotton opened steady and thereafter moved within a narrow range. The tone was steady.

BULLION EASY

London bullion prices were easy.

WHEAT STEADY.

Wheat was steady on unfavourable crop and weather report. Jute was firm. Base metals were steady

SECURITIES STEADY.

The London Stock Exchange was easier on lack of support and persistent selling. Giltedged securities kept steady but there was nothing doing.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1937

New York, June 22.

Previous closing	12.13
To-day's opening	12.14
Difference	+.01
To-day's closing	12.13
Difference	unchanged

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1937

Liverpool, June 22.

Previous closing	6.79
To-day's opening	6.78
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.78
Difference	—01

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 224-8
New April May	Rs. 231-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, June 22.

Cotton was moderately active but business was very small with no important commitments either way owing to the lack of fresh incentive.

Trading in October commenced at 12.14 i.e. 1 point higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and scattered buying but trading was confined to exchanging operations with October rising to 12.15 with a steady tone.

New York cotton finally closed unchanged at 12.13 for October delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 22.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.93/11.92) 12.06/12.04
October (11.99/11.98) 12.16/12.14
December (11.97/11.96) 12.10/12.10

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 22.

American July (6.66)	6.74
American October (6.69)	6.79
Egyptian June (9.50)	9.50
Egyptian July (9.60)	9.60

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, June 22

Broach cotton for New April May delivery moved between Rs. 232-8 and Rs. 231 at night. The closing rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 231-12. Old Broach July August delivery was Rs. 6 1/2 lower.

LONDON MARKETS

London, June 22

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-1 3/4) 1-1 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-9) 1-8
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 3/4) 1-1 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-6 1/4) 1-6 1/4

JUTE

New Crop June July (£19 3/4 paid and value) £20 5/16 paid and value.
Dunlop June (£23 1/2 sellers) £23 1/2 sellers.
Lightning June (£21 1/2 sellers) £21 1/2 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (9 13/16 value) 9 5/8 value.
Forward July September (9 15/16 sellers) 9 3/4 paid and value.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay May June (£13 7/8 sellers) £13 7/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta May June (£14 1/4 sellers) £14 5/16 sellers.
Linseed La Plata May June (£12 7/8 sellers) £12 7/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal May June (£14 5/16 sellers), £14 1/2 sellers.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 22.

Liverpool wheat opened easy with July at 105 and October 103 1/2. Prices eased on scattered selling and liquidation actuated by uncertain political situation abroad while favourable crop cables further checked activity.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 22.

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.11 7/8. Prices advanced on scattered buying and covering with the prices rising to 1.13 on further buying influenced by unfavourable crop and weather news.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 22.

Previous closing	4.94 1/2
To-day's opening	4.94 7/8
To-day's closing	4.94 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, June 22.

Previous closing	4.94.30
To-day's opening	4.94.45
To-day's closing	4.94.80

FRANC RATE

London, June 22.

Previous closing	110.88
To-day's opening	110.88
To-day's closing	110.89

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 22.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.94.45 and then rose to 4.94.57 on better support subsequently rising to 4.94.67 on further buying.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.94.80.

Franc opened at 110.88 and then kept steady with very little movements.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 110.89.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.372) 8.372
New York on Bombay (37.32) 37.34
Berlin on Bombay (0.93) 0.93
London on Milan (93.87) 94.00
London on Shanghai (1-2 7/16).. 1-2 15/32
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 11/16 to 34 per cent.
4 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent.
6 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£245 1/4 buyers £245 3/4 sellers. Steady) £245 3/4 buyers £246 sellers. steady.
Lead (£21 9/16 buyers £21 11/16 sellers. Steady) unquoted.
Electrolytic Copper (£59 1/2 to £61 1/2) £59 1/2 to £61 1/2
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, June 22.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:

"India sold. America bought. Poor support. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, June 22.

Spot	19 13/16d. 19 3/4d.
Forward	19 7/8d. 19 5/4d.

LONDON GOLD

London, June 22.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-6 1/2) £7-0-4

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, June 22.

10 p.m.

Silver ready	51 7 0
Silver 1st settlement	51 7 0
Silver 2nd settlement	51 9 0
Gold ready	34 13 0
Gold 1st settlement	34 13 0
Gold 2nd settlement	34 8 3
Sovereigns	22 1 3

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, June 22.

Liverpool wheat July closed at 104 1/8 as against the previous closing at 102 5/8

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, June 22.

Wheat September	5 7 3
Wheat January	5 10 9
Wheat May	5 7 3
Linseed September	8 1 6
Linseed May	8 0 3

The tone was steady.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Delivery Sept., 1937

Bombay, June 22.

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 0 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 0 0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 0 0
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	8 0 0

3½ P. C. GOVT PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, June 22.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 95-7-6 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 95-5-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	95 7 6
Highest	95 7 6
Lowest	95 4 6
Closing	95 5 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, June 22.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £89 1/2 as against the previous closing at £93 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, June 22.

2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£90 1/2) £90 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£110 3/4) £111
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£105 7/8) £105 7/8
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111) £111
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£106) £106

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 7/8) £74 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£100 7/8) £100 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105 1/4) £105 1/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£109 3/4) (£109 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£100 7/8) £100 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 3/8) £108 3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 22.

2-30 p.m.

Market generally were dull and easier. Kaffirs weakened on persistent selling.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (132-6) 130-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (69-4 1/2) 69-4 1/2.
Hydro Electric (£8 1/4) £7 3/4
Musical Industries (19-7 1/2) 19-9
Princhin Johnson (43-3) 42-9
Imperial Chemical (37-1 1/2) 36-10 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (77-0) 76-6
Realisation 1930 (£97 1/2) £97
Dunlop Rubber (33-0) 32-7 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (40-6) 39-9
Ford Motors (26-9) 26-9
Cables and Wireless (£6 1/8) £6
British American Tobacco (123-9) 123-1 1/2
Carreas (£8 3/8) £8 1/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (152-6) 151-10 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (32-0) 31-6
Distillers (113-3) 113-0
Bredfords Dyers (£8 1/2) £8 1/8
British Celanese (£7 3/4) £7 1/4
J and P Coates Ordinary (46-9) 47-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-0) 54-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-4 1/2) 9-7 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (28-0) 27-6
Inter Nickels (57-7 1/2) 56-6
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (62-6) 60-0
Tata Steel Preference (£106) £103 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 19-0
Donaro Tea (46-3) 46-3
Empire of India (30-7 1/2) 30-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (39-3) 39-10 1/2
Gula Kelampong (40-0) 40-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (38-0) 38-0

JUTES SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (50-7 1/2) 50-7 1/2
Bugsna Corporation (17-3) 16-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£19) £17 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (56-3) 51-10 1/2
Rand Mines (£6 3/4 ex div) £6 5/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£12 1/4 ex div) £11 5/8
Associated Portland Cements (91-10 1/2) 90-0
Trinidad Leaseholds (127-6) 126-3
Sub Nigel (£9 1/4 ex div) £9
Spring Mines Split Shares (30-0) 27-6
Union Corporation (£7 1/2) £7 3/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£48 1/8) £48 1/8
Anglo Iranian (122-6) 119-4 1/2
Burma Oil (118-9) 117-6
Musical Eagle (18-7 1/2) 17-9
Shell Transport (107-6) 106-3
Royal Dutch (£46 1/4) ££46 1/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£61 3/8) £61 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£33 1/4) £33
L N E R Defd (£5) £5
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 3/8) £22
London Paris 5 per cent (£126 1/2) £126 1/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£62 1/4) £61 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 22.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motor (dol 50) dol 49 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 49) dol 49 3/4
U S Steel Common (dol 94 7/8) dol 95 1/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 130 1/2) dol 153 1/2

HEAVY SELLING IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Street Quietly Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE)

London, June 22.

The Stock Exchange opened weak under the influence of Kaffirs which encountered heavy selling pressure from Jonannesburg but finally rallied on Paris support of leading Kaffirs oils, coppers and diamonds.

The proposed issue of 15 million sterling 3 1/2 per cent London county council loan adversely affected Giltedged securities.

In commodities wheat was firm on bullish weather reports.

Wall Street was quietly firm.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Teas Better

CALCUTTA, June 22.

Jutes ruled steady and business was on a moderate scale. Coals revealed not much interest. Teas continued to rule better. In miscellaneous Indian irons and Burmas ruled steady at decline while others unchanged. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations.

Government securities:—Three and a half per cent Government paper 95/7, three per cent loan 1951/54 101/3, four per cent loan 1960/70 109/15, five per cent loan 1940/43 108 small lot, five per cent loan 1945/55 119/5 small lot, five per cent U.P. Bonds 1944 112/4.

Banks:—Central 33/4 small odd lots, Reserve 125/8, small lot.

Railways:—Arrah Sasaram 61 small lot, Chaparmukh Silghat 85, Burdwan Cutwa 93.

Cottons:—Elgin ord 105, New Victoria ord 1/3.

Coals:—Amalgamated 24/12, Bansra 3/4, Bengal Giridih 2 small lot, Central Kurkend 6/14, Katra Jherriah 20/4 small lot; South Karanpura 5/14.

Jutes:—Baily 161 small lot, Barnagore 125/8, small lot; Belvedere 344 small lot, Ft. William 231/8, small lot, Howrah 50/2, Hooghly pref 20/4, Kinnison 543, St. Kamarhatty 490, Kanknarrah 395 small lot. National 21/10, Orient 159 small lot, Presidency 4, Reliance 63/8, small lot; Standard 267/8.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 11/1, Consolidated tin 5/8, Indian copper 3, Rhodesia copper 2/7, Bengal aerating gas 60, Bareilly elec 15/8, ex div; Muttra elec. 11/4, Rawalpindi elec 23, Hukumchand elec 10/2, Indian iron 40/4, National iron and steel 2/3 discount steel corporation ord 8/7, steel corporation pref 91, Cawnpore sugar 25.

Teas:—Dhunseri pref 3/3, New Cinnamtollah 380, small lot, Roopacherra 2/8.

Debentures:—Five and a half per cent 1926/56/86, Calcutta Port Trust 123, five and a half per cent 1928/43 Birla jute 100/8.—A. P.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, Ltd.

Following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of The Central Bank of India, Limited, for the fortnight ended 15th June 1937:—

LIABILITIES.—

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	3,36,00,000
Capital Paid Up	1,68,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Fund	70,00,000
Deposits, Debts due to Banks and Agents, Bills Payable etc.	30,46,01,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	5,87,00,000
	38,71,01,000

ASSETS.—

	Rs.
Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other Authorised Securities	7,85,13,000
Loans on Government and other Authorised Securities	4,58,86,000
Bills Discounted	1,71,24,000
Lands and Buildings	1,26,35,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	4,43,48,000
Cash in hand, at Banks, Monies at Call and Investments in War Bonds, Government Paper, Treasury Bills, Shares, Debentures etc.	18,83,95,000
	38,71,01,000

Tenders For Treasury Bills

A press communique issued by the Manager Reserve Bank of India, Bombay states: Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 22nd June 1937. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,56,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-3 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-0 allotted approximately 61 per cent Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tender being Rs. 0-15-10 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 29th June 1937. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 2nd July 1937. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 18th June 1937, Treasury Bills for Rs. 50,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SOME IRRITATING BANS

(Continued from Page 6.)

for their own ends. In small villages every one is related to the other. So the transfer of these lands to any individual is interpreted by the mischief-mongers as a transfer to a relative of a moneylender and thus the mischief is started. Moreover, if the Government really wishes to create confidence in the minds of the public, any body can see that these vindictive restrictions should be removed as early as possible.

Many similar instances where Government measures are causing unnecessary irritations can be quoted from Karnatak as well as the other provinces. It is hoped the Government will see its way to correct its policy regarding such bans in future.

MONSOON STRONG IN KONKAN

POONA: June 22.

The Bay depression centred this morning close to the Bengal coasts.

The monsoon has been strong in Konkan and lower Burma. There has been widespread rain in west coast of the Peninsula, North Deccan West Central Provinces, Central India, Chota Nagpur and Burma.

Thundershowers occurred locally South Deccan, North Madras coast, East Rajputana, Orissa, Bengal and a few stations in Gujarat, East Central Provinces, Western Himalayas, the United Provinces, and Assam.

A few dust or thunderstorms have been reported from North-west Frontier Province. Temperatures were appreciably above normal in North-west Frontier, North Punjab, Kashmir and below normal in the Central Provinces.

Surat, Bombay, Ratnagiri, Marmagao, Mangalore and Khandala had three inches of rain each.

FORECAST: Rainfall is likely to be widespread in west coast of the Deccan, central parts of the country, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, South Bengal, Burma and local in the rest of the Peninsula and Gujrat. A few thundershowers in Western Himalayas, the United Provinces, Rajputana and Assam are also likely.—A. P.

HEAVY DOWNPOUR IN BARODA

BARODA, June 20.

The first rainfall of the monsoon has occurred here.

There was a heavy downpour lasting more than an hour at noon to-day, accompanied by a strong wind, thunder and lightning.

Streets in a number of localities were inundated and traffic was temporarily suspended. The sky is heavily clouded and threatens heavy rain to-night.—A.P.

BOMBAY FLOODED

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

Rain has been almost incessant these three days: and during the last 24 hours it has been excessive, particularly at Matunga, which recorded a fall of nearly 5 1/2 inches yesterday.

Fort Gets the most.

The following shows the amount of rainfall in the city during the 24 hours ending 8 a. m. to-day and the total since the monsoon began, respectively:—

Colaba 2.85; Total 14.88.
Fort 4.95; Total 20.52.
Byculla 4.36; Total 17.79.
Matunga 5.47; Total 15.96.

But towards noon on Tuesday the sky cleared up a bit while the temperature remained pleasant. The maximum temperature recorded at Colaba yesterday was 83 degrees being 4 degrees below normal; the minimum temperature was 70.3 degrees being one degree below normal. Only the humidity was 3 per cent above normal and stood at 87 per cent.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 22/6/1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours—057 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 83.0 degrees 3.8 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.3 degrees 1.3 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 87 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 16 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 185 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 34 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq: 10) 10.

Rain in 24 hours 2.86 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 14.88 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 15.44 inches.

Weather Remarks:—Thundor and lightning and squally.

Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 10250 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 21hrs 3 mts. (I.S.T.) on Monday the 21st June, 1937.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 22-6-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.7 degrees F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.81 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.61 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

N. S. Railway Breaches Repaired

HYDERABAD, (Deccan), June 22.

The Chief Commercial Manager of the Nizam's State Railway writes "further to the press notification issued on June 19, regarding breaches between Vikarabad and Morangapalli, the breaches have been repaired and through communication restored from 16/00 hours on June 20.—A.P.

SHIPPING NEWS

DEPARTURES

Bombay, June 22.

Scindia Steam Nvg. s.s. Jaladuta of 3389 reg tons Capt H M Williams sailed for Karachi via Bedi Br. in ballast.

Turner Morrison s.s. Kohinur of 324 reg tons Capt B. E. Brewin sailed for Karachi in ballast.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 22-6-37.

S S Rotenfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports.

S S Pres. Garfield (F F C) for Suez Portsaid Alexandria Naples, Genoa Marseilles New York Boston Cristobal Balboa Los Angles Sanfrancisco etc.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, June 22.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

4 Hatipara 4893 Karachi 22-6 M M
6 Soudan 3477 Japan 24-6 M M
7 Elysia 4211 Karachi 2-7 Anchor Line.
8 New Orleans 3839 Colombo 23-6 L Edwards
9 Tokiwa Maru 4281 Karachi 26-6 N Y Kaisha
15 Takliwa 742 Durban 23-6 M M
17 British Architect 4394 Abadan 21-6 Anglo Iranian Oil

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Baroda 1888 P Gulf 23-6 M M
4 Vasna 2026 N F, N F, M M
9 Nurjehan 3379 Bassein 22-6 T Morrison
12/13 Tosari 4458 Busra, 23-6 Volkart Bros
14 Hashemi 298 Bhawnagar 22-6 S Hassum
15 Sophie Marie 677 Malabar Coast 23-6 Merchant P N

PRINCES DOCK

D/E Ellora 2386 Negapatam 23-6 M M
K Varela 1926 N F N F, M M
N/O Jalamani 2343 N F, N F, Scindia
F Alavi 2161 Jeddah 24-6 T Morrison

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Rajputana 8-7-37 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 24-6-37 P and O
Cathay 1-7-37 P and O
Narkunda 15-7-37 P and O
Ranpura 22-7-37 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Barcelona 24-6-37 K Nixon

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Garfield 24-6-37 F F Campbell
Fairfield City 1-7-37 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Chitral 3-7-37 P and O

FROM TRIESTE

Dandolo 20-6-37 L Triestino

FROM HAMBURG

Trautenfels 28-6-37 L Edwards

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Tokiwa Maru 15-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Jeypore 30-6-37 P and O S N
Italy Maru 18-7-37 N Y Kaisha
Calcutta Maru 25-6-37 N Y
Anyo Maru 30-6-37 N Y K
Mirzapore 25-6-37 P and O
Corfu 25-6-37 P and O

FROM OSLO

Tijuca 30-6-37 Lionel Edward

FROM BASRA

Varsova 26-6-37 M M
Bankura 24-6-37 M M
Gloria Stella 24-6-37 L Triestino

FROM HULL

City of Kobe 28-6-37 J Finlay

FROM GENOA

Alberto Treves 23-6-37 L Triestino

FROM RANGOON

Gamaria 30-6-37 M M

FROM JAVA

Silverbeech 30-6-37 Volkart Bros

FROM KARACHI

Rotenfels 25-6-37 L Edwards

FROM BASSEIN

Talayamuna 26-6-37 Scindia Steam
Surada 22-6-37 M M
Winkfield 27-6-37 M M
Gambada 25-6-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Jatarashmi 22-6-37 Scindia S N
Gambada 25-6-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 26-6-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Corfu 29-6-37 P and O
Chitral 3-7-37 P. and O
Naldera 10-7-37 S S N
Maloja 17-7-37 P and O
Carthage 24-7-36 P and O

FOR HAMBURG

Rotenfels 29-6-37 L Edward

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Cantenbury 7-7-37 K N
Elysia 14-7-37 Anchor Line

FOR SYDNEY

Cathay 1-7-37 P and O

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Garfield 25-6-37 F F Campbell
Silverbeech 2-7-37 Volkart Bros.
Pres Hayes 9-7-37 F F Campbell
Pres Monroe 23-7-37 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Soudan 23-6-37 P and O
Tokiwa Maru 26-6-37 N Y K
Corfu 26-6-37 P and O
Kaisar-i-Hind 24-6-37 P and O

FOR BASRA

Bankura 30-6-37 M M
Baroda 28-6-37 M M
Varela 24-6-37 M M
Varsova 1-7-37 M M

FOR RANGOON

Jalavihar 26-6-37 Scindia S N
Calcutta Maru 29-6-37 N Y Kaisha

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 24-6-37 Turner Morrison

FOR OURBAN

Kenya 7-7-37 M M
Takliwa 28-6-37 M M

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Sumatra 19-6-37
S S Parvati 21-6-37
S S Hashemi 21-6-37
S S Nurjehan 21-6-37
S S Mooltan (boats) 21-6-37

EXPORTS.

Bombay, June 22.

S S Tokiwa Maru for Dairen: 250 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha.

For Kobe: 300 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 875 bales cotton raw J Cotton Trading; 250 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo.

For Osaka: 318 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 2450 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.; 200 bales cotton raw N Fatehally

For Yokohama: 50 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton.

For Yokkaichi: 1100 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S S Elysia for Manchester: 250 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 3000 packets myrabellams Anglo-Siam Corporation.

For Liverpool: 17 bales wool raw S Nanjos.

For Glasgow: 20 bales raw wool D Abraham.

S S Rotenfels for Bourgas: 110 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading.

For Rotterdam: 4174 bags castorseed The Oil Seeds Trading; 6666 bags gingally seed The Oil Seeds Trading; 55 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

For Hamburg: 605 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo

For Bremen: 330 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

For Oporto: 55 bales cotton raw Langley.

S S City of Barcelona for Dunkirk; 30 bales cotton fly V A Save; 280 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 660 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton; 55 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Antwerp: 1400 packets myrabollam K Tricamjee; 4050 packets myrabollam H Ramji; 55 bales cotton raw K Narandas; 325 bales cotton raw Swastik G Trading; 330 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Ghent: 110 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 275 bales cotton raw Swastik General Trading; 495 bales cotton raw B Carsondas; 815 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

IMPORTS.

S S Vasaland Agents L Edwards from Gothenburg: 32 cases lables; 2232 reels paper; 310 cases chlorate of potash; 600 pcs aspen logs; 6565 bdls box boards, 74 cases iron wire; 2528 cases nails; 338 cases steel hinges; 40 cases wood screws; 650 bags sulphate of alumina.

From Antwerp: 160 bags maize starch; 477 dms earth colour; 290 pcs cubes; 17 crts rims for vicycles.

From Rotterdam; 35 cases brandy; 21 cases cotton yarn; 500 bags servolin farina starch; 100 cases condensed milk; 20 cases cheese; 40 bags dextrine; 50 bags caraway seeds; 44 dms dyestuffs; 40 bales straw boards.

From Oslo: 251 cases nails; 1770 bales wood pulp; 645 bales paper; 80 dms carbide.

From Portsaid: 25 cases olive oil.

From Hamburg: 20 cases cycle parts; 22 cases clocks; 495 bales paper 39 cases steel hinges; 70 csks art premice stones; 22 cases glass shades; 60 cases padlocks; 103 coils galvd strand wire; 51 bales card board; 296 cases window glass; 20 cases gelatine sheets; 34 cases pocket-lamp cases; 85 bdls batteries; 56 pec bar steel; 350 cases school slates; 150 cases slate pencils; 33 cases cast iron rings; 159 bdls iron tubes.

S S Sirsa Agents M Mackenzie from Calcutta: 398 bags rise; 155 bales hessian cloth; 160 bales jute canvas; 150 bags gunny bags; 4500 bags sugar; 1248 chests tea; 173 dms mahoa oil; 50 cases enamelware; 25 dms printing ink; 1497 bags betelnuts; 540 coils yellow rope 45 cases printed tinned sheets; 126 coils manila rope; 1850 kegs paint; 20 cases art silk ps. goods; 500 dms linseed oil; 92 cases country medicine; 30 cases brass circles; 8780 pcs cast iron pipes; 2480 pcs pipes; 7485 pcs cast iron fittings; 143 cases rubber shoes; 125 cases ani seeds; 50 cases hardware; 261 dms aluminium ingots; 4672 bdls m s rounds; 617 pcs galvd steel structural material; 74 bags boiler cement; 82 bags chillies; 175 bales cigarettes; 33 cases playing cards; 26 cases cotton umbrellas; 791 bales cotton canvas shoes; 300 dms coal tar.

From Madras: 32 cases printed books; 220 cases provisions; 73 bdls iron bar scrap; 77 bags brass scraps; 243 bores cotton waste; 43 bags hoofs and horns; 29 dms lubg. oil.

From Tuticorin: 25 bags toor dall; 40 bales cotton; 70 bales cotton yarn.

S S Wellington Coast Agents M Mackenzie from New York: 44 cases medicines; 43 cts elect motors; 30 dms colya coil; 2441 dms lubg. oil; 640 dms lubg. grensa; 29 bales rubber tyring; 94 cases auto parts; 34 cases machinery tools; 33 cases paint; 321 dms dyestuffs; 60 pcs auto wheels; 56 cases dry batteries; 28 baxes mining machinery; 27 cases raw stock film; 60 kegs wire nails; 30 cases corn flakes; 27 cases clocks; 144 cases cotton fents; 230 cases flit; 40 cases najol; 39 bdls harricane ianterns; 118 cases rubber peneumatic tyres; 21 cases delco batteries; 11 cases motor cars.

From Mobile: 120 barrels gum rosin; 4000 barrels hoop steel.

From New Orleans: 185 dms. lubg. oil; 55 dms turpentine; 763 bds rough hickory lumber; 300 bdls gum rosin.

S S Gogra Agents M Mackenzie from Colombo: 2457 bags copra; 474 bales fodder; 179 csks tallow; 165 cases dripping; 89 bales wool; 416 cases dried milk powder; 80 bags pees; 118 cases cud. fruit.

From Cochin: 100 kollias hooka shell; 101 bags cocoanuts 450 bales raw cotton

From Rangoon: 17792 bags rice; 683 pcs teak squares; 97551 pcs teak scantlings; 521 pcs teak decks; 543 pcs teak planks; 45 pcs teak post; 330 bars pig lead; 99 bales cotton waste; 50 bags goowari; 82 bags chora.

S S Gharinda Agents M Mackenzie from Bunlipatam: 955 bags higer seed

From Buddalore: 34 boras cotton yarn waste.

From Tuticorin: 40 bales cane yarn.

From Negapatam: 80 bags green moong; 29 bags rice.

From Vizagapatam: 1383 bags niger seed; 400 bags gingelly seed; 151 bags country drugs.

From Cocanada: 300 bags cocanut oil cake; 37 tins grease and oil mixture; 5200 bags ground nut kernels.

From Madras: 85 loose m s bars; 114 bales grey ctn shirting; 36 boras cotton waste.

From Cochin: 20 bales rubber; 26 bales raw cotton.

From Calicut: 78 bales raw cotton; 200 bags cocoanuts; 30 cases tea; 145 bails coir ropes, 22 jottas coir yarn.

From Mangalore: 415 cases cashew kernels; 32 number rubber tyres; 52500 pcs roofing tiles; 1000 pcs ridge tiles.

From Colombo: 135 pipes tallow; 86 bags flour; 39 cases milk powder; 131 tubes liquid chlorine.

S S Shwedagon Agents Indo Burma Petroleum Co. from Rangoon: 672888 galls petroleum motor spirit; 526526 galls. kerosene oil.

S S Jaladuta Agents Scindia Steam Navigation from Moulmein: 26649 bags rice; 4726 pcs teak planks; 82043 bdls teak scantlings; 117 pcs eng planks; 154 pcs teak squares; 812 pcs teak posts; 200 bdls teak battens; 155 bags betel nuts; 37 bds teak boards; 33 pcs eng squares.

From Rangoon: 2968 bags rice; 220 pcs lead.

From Cochin: 208 bags sugar.

Active Covering By Wall-Street In New York Cotton

STEEL STRIKE PROSPECTS HOPEFUL

BOMBAY, June 22.

Wall-Street Professional Bears took advantage of labour troubles and French news to cover 50,000 bales July and October Months on Monday.

Dry weather is needed to control Boll-weevil menace and later advices indicate hopeful prospect for the U. S. Steel strike.

The New York cotton futures market opened steady on Monday but declined moderately on lower Liverpool, the French political and domestic labour situations and favourable weak-end weather reports. The market then advanced sharply on active covering with demand readily absorbing continued active July liquidation and also wire-house and foreign selling. Then moderate realising developed.

The market opened at a decline of 3 points with October 11.98 and declined further 2 points on scattered selling and October was quoted 11.96 which was the lowest level reached soon after the opening. At this there was active Wall Street covering which caused a sharp rise of 25 points and October was quoted 12.21 which was the highest level reached at noon. Later on in the afternoon there was some realising which resulted in a small decline and the market closed at a net rise of 11 to 15 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 11 points at 12.55c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 8 to 10 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 9 points at 12.37c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened easy at a decline of 11 points with October 6.69. Fall of French Government and continued U. S. Labour troubles induced general liquidation. Later on the market steadied on scattered price fixing. There was active local short covering which found pronounced shortage of contracts and the market closed unchanged to one point down. Middling American spot cotton prices closed 11 points down at 6.83d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet but steady and Sakels futures closed 10 points down and Uppers were 1 to 3 points lower.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was irregular. Sakels closed 4 points up to 8 points down and Ashmouni futures closed 34 to 12 points down.

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—

Following the resignation of M. Blum, M. Chautemp's willingness to form a new ministry has revived confidence but much will depend on their remedial financial measures and their ability to secure a vote of confidence.

In America serious complaints of boll-weevil emergence are increasing but momentarily outside influences are checking any advance.

Though we may see a trading market for a while yet we continue to recommend purchases on all weak spots as the critical weather months of July and August are approaching and any unfavourable weather will likely cause a stampede in the existing heavy short interest. Yesterday's heavy short covering by Wall Street operators was a pointer in this direction.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (12-12 p.m.)	12.21+20
New York October Lowest (10-6 a.m.)	11.96—05
Liverpool October highest	6.80
Liverpool October lowest	6.66—14

Messrs Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from New York:

"Wall Street operators apparently took advantage of labour troubles and French news to cover 50,000 bales July and October months. Weather is getting better, prefer buying on declines only."

"Continued dry weather is needed to control weevil. Present prices discount large crop and curtailment of mill activity during the summer. Think decline has gone far enough for the present to resume buying."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market declined on disappointing American closing prices and French Government resignation. Improved on prominent New York operator covering. Bullish temporary.

Market opened easy, but now a better feeling owing to the covering of 'Bear' sales. In New York there is a growing feeling that strike prospects more hopeful in the United States of America.

New York: Market rallied on covering sizable short interest. Selling scattered.

Weather over U. S. Cotton Belt:
Eastern: Partly scattered showers
Central: Partly cloudy. Local thundershowers
Western: Partly cloudy

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, June 21

July	12.05+11
October	12.13+12
December	12.10+11
January	12.14+13
March	12.20+15
May	12.25+13
Middling Spot	12.55+11

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, June 21

July	11.96+08
October	12.12+10
December	12.16+09
Middling Spot	12.37+09

NEW YORK
New York, June 21

11 A.M. RANGES—

July	12.06 to 12.06
October	12.13 to 12.13
December	12.09 to 12.09

NOON CALL—

July	12.09
October	12.17
December	12.13

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, June 21

	Dales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	4,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	2,000
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	1,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, June 21

July	6.76—01
August	6.79—01
September	6.79—01
October	6.79—01
November	6.76—01
December	6.76—01
January	6.77—
February	6.78—
March	6.79—01
April	6.80—01
May	6.82—
June	6.82—
July	6.82—
Middling Spot	6.83—11
	10-12 a.m. quotations
July	6.64
October	6.67

INDIAN COTTON
Liverpool, June 21

BROACH	
Fully good (good staple)	5.79
Fine (good staple)	5.94
Superfine (good staple)	6.09
OOMRA	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.69
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.84
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.99
BENGAL	
Good	4.64
Fully good	4.74
Fine	4.89

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, June 21

F G F Sakellaridis	
June	9.45
July	9.55
August	9.55
September	9.50
F G F Spot	10.05

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, June 21

Rupee paper 6 1/2 per cent	£71
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£76 1/2
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£90 1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£110 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£74 5/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£100 3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£100 3/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£109 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£109 3/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£15 5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£121
National Bank of India	£43
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LONDON SEEDS
London, June 21

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton	
June sellers	£12-7-6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton	
June July sellers	£14-5-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton	
June July sellers	£15-5-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton	
June July sellers	£14-13-9
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton	
June July sellers	£13-17-6

LONDON PRODUCE
London, June 21

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels—	Unquoted
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels	
May June sellers	43/9
Wheat South Australian parcels—	
June sellers	43/6

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, June 21

T T London on:—	
New York	4.94.30
Paris	110.88
Berlin	12.32 1/2
Madrid	87.00
Amsterdam	8.98 3/4
Brussels	29.25 1/2
Milan	93.90
Berne	21.55 3/4
Prague	141.75
Interest day to day loan	1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days' market loan	1/2 per cent

LINSEED OIL
London, June 21

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
June sellers	28/4 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
Sept Dec sellers	28/4 1/2

LONDON RUBBER
London, June 21

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb	
Sellers	9 5/4

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, June 21

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9 1/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE
London, June 21

Bank bills 3 months market rate	11/16 per cent to 3/4 per cent
Bank bills 6 months market rate	11/16 per cent to 3/4 per cent
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate	2 per cent to 3 1/2 per cent
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate	2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 22

Much to the surprise of the local market, the New York cotton futures market closed yesterday at a rise of 12 points on active covering. The local market which was very weak yesterday as a result of fall of the French Government, opened to-day at Rs. 225/4 for Broach J/A delivery and declined to Rs. 224/8 on general selling. The local market remained unimpressed with the rise in American cotton and perhaps there will be little or no response to easier foreign advices.

Liverpool market was due to open unchanged on parity with overnight New York advices but it opened quiet at a decline of one point which influenced scattered selling in the local market and Broach J/A delivery declined to Rs. 224. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A.	224 8 0
Broach A/M	231 8 0
Oomra July	216 12 0
Oomra D/J	212 0 0
Bengal July	188 4 0
Bengal D/J	177 4 0

Cotton Room Rates

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—				
Bengal U.P.	195	192	189	186
Punjab	195	192	189	186
Oomra No. 3	223	220	217	214
C. P. No. 1	236	233	230	227
C. P. No. 2	227	224	221	218
Broach No. 2		231	228	225 222
Punjab-Ame.		243	240	237 234
Surat		291	288	285 282
Rajpipla		286	283	280 277
Navsari		301	298	295 292

Steady Cotton Quotations

Bombay, June 22.

Bengal Superfine	196/98
Bengal Fine	192/94
C. P. 1	222/24
C.P. 2	217/19
Arvi	217/19
Ellichpur	215/17
Berar	212/15
Khamgaon	212/15
Mulkapur	210/12
Khandesh	205/09
Jalna/Sailu	205/09
Burwah Sanavad	212/15
Mathia	182/87
Broach Fine	225/30
Punjab/American	225/32
Punjab 289F.	295/305
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	265/67
Surat	275/80
Navsari	299/302
Kampala	415/17

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, June 22.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.
Khandesh		205,534
Central India	187	334,089
Barsi and Nagar	66	173,781
Hyderabad-Gaorani	123	101,369
Berar	224	578,405
Central Provinces	62	113,865
Total Oomras	661	1,507,043
Dholera	1,292	153,699
N.-W. Provinces		9,750
Rajputana	282	84,116
Sind-Punjab	53	333,430
Broach		339,842
Coompta and Dharwar	1,010	63,480
Westerns-Northerns	68	37,567
Cocoanada		153
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		15,592
Persian		14
American		18,163
Egyptian and African	2,919	375,286
Comilla Burma and other sorts		22
Total	6,285	2,948,157

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 17th June
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	20	437,610
Japan and China	7,900	1,369,258
Coast Ports		32,102
Up-country by Rail		225,877
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan		7,741
Total	7,920	2,072,588

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 21

Broach J/A opening 224 1/4 highest 224 1/4 lowest 222 1/2 closing 223

Broach A/M 1938 opening 230 1/4 highest 230 1/4 lowest 228 1/2 closing 229

Oomra July opening 216 1/4 highest 216 1/4 lowest 214 1/2 closing 214 3/4

Oomra D/J opening 209 1/2 highest 209 1/2 lowest 209 closing 209 1/4

Bengal July opening 188 1/4 highest 188 1/4 lowest 186 3/4 closing 186 3/4

Bengal D/J opening 175 1/2 highest 175 1/2 lowest 175 closing 175

Tejimandi for Broach July August (30-6-37) Rs. 4 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach July August (21-7-37 Rs. 9

Tejimandi for Broach April May (31-3-38) Rs. 26 1/2

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, June 22.

	Rs. a. p.
Java ready	15 7 0
June July shipment	5 13 0
Aug.-Sept. shipment	5 10 6
Oct-Dec. shipment	5 12 0
Saraya ready	10 2 0
Kesar ready	10 9 0
Spot Java	F.6.95

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales.	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 21-6-37	6764000	7017000
Receipts Yesterday 21-6-37	4000	4000
Exports to date 21-6-37	5522000	5995000
Stock at Ports 18-6-37	1266000	1484000
Stock at Interior Towns 18-6-37	996000	1462000
Stock at Liverpool 18-6-37	913000	706000
Visible Supply 18-6-37	3564000	4024000
Quantity in sight 18-6-37	12861000	12177000
Quantity out of sight 18-6-37	1250000	1125000

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, June 22

Yesterday London gold prices closed unchanged at £7-0-6 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was one point down at 110.88. Dollar sterling cross rate was quoted 4.94 1/2. London silver prices declined 1/8d for Spot at 19 13/16 and forward was 1/16d lower at 19 7/8. China sold. India sold at higher level and bought at lower level. Business was small and the market was quiet. Later cash was steady. Little American buying. Forward was quiet and was inclined to be offered. New York Spot silver prices were placed at 44 3/4 cents. Montreal silver futures were easy on increased offerings and closed at a decline of 20 to 35 points. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 7/16. The local market was quiet with a limited turnover. In the absence of any fresh development prices are fluctuating within a narrow range. Silver was dull and featureless while gold was steady with a small enquiry.

GOLD

Ready	34 12 0
Jeth	34 12 0
Ashad	34 8 3

SILVER

Ready	51 8 0
Jeth	51 9 0
Ashad	51 11 0

LONDON SILVER
London, June 21

Spot	19 13/16
Forward	19 7/8

LONDON GOLD
London, June 21

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-0-6 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, June 21

June	44.55—35
July	44.70—20

LONDON METALS

London, June 21

Copper	£52 5 0
Spelter	£20 6 3
Lead	£20 10 0
Tin	£245 10 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, June 22.

London Market.—	
Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£52-10-0
Standard Copper 3 months	£52-7-6
Electrolytic copper	£61-10-0
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 40-8-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 54-8-0
Tone:—Steady.	

American Cotton Crop

Liverpool, June 22.

Much warmer. Light to moderate rainfall in New Orleans District Forecast. Western Belt generally fair, all balance entire Belt partly cloudy.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, June 22.

Following a sharp rise of 5 cents in Chicago wheat the local market ruled very steady. Black rust in U.S.A. and drought in Canada influenced active buying any further unfavourable weather is likely to influence active buying. Quotations in the local market were as under:—

Linseed Sept.	8 0 0
Linseed May	8 1 3
Wheat September	5 7 0
Wheat January	5 10 9
Wheat May	5 7 9

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, June 22.

Groundnuts August.—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	39 6 0
Highest	39 14 6
Lowest	39 6 0
Closing	39 14 0
Castorseeds September.—	
Opening	34 8 0
Highest	34 12 6
Lowest	34 8 0
Closing	34 12 0
Cottonseed September—	
Opening	18 10 6
Highest	18 15 0
Lowest	18 10 6
Closing	18 15 0

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, June 21.

July	102 5/8d.
October	100 5/8d.
December	100 1/8d.

Argentine Linseed

Buenos Aires, June 21.

June	15.52
July	15.52
August	15.58

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, June 21.

July	112c.
September	111 3/8c.
October	111 1/2c.

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 19th June	17,524
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	2,941,872
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,801,385
Increase	140,487

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, June 21

August	78.50+50
September	79.20+60

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, June 22

June	251.00+100
August	273.20+100
December	265.00+100

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, June 22

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	99/14
3 per cent 1951/54	100/14
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/14
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	95/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	105/8
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	106/14
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/3
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	117/4
3 per cent U P Bonds	96/8
5 per cent 1939/44	105/2
5 per cent 1940/43	117/10
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	105/6
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55	119/8
4 per cent 1953/63	111/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/12
5 per cent 1935 Mysore	122/8
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	107/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974	107
3 per cent M Deb 1949	117/4
5 per cent 1954	129/8
3 per cent K P T 1956	129/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101

The market was steady.

Note:—The market ruled dull. 3 1/2 per cent paper moved between Rs. 95/6 and Rs. 95/7/6 with a small turnover

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, June 22

B C Rate T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Bank's selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T	1/6 5/32
Bank's buying D D	1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK:—	
Bank's selling T T	269
Bank's buying T T	266 3/4
PARIS:—	
Bank's selling T T	830
Bank's buying T T	845
JAPAN:—	
Bank's selling T T	77 3/8
Bank's buying I T	77
AMSTERDAM:—	
Bank's selling D D	67 3/8
JAVA:—	
Bank's selling D D	67 1/8
HUNGKONG:—	
Bank's selling D D	83
SHANGHAI:—	
Bank's selling D D	81
SINGAPORE:—	
Bank's selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN:—	
Bank's selling D D	91 1/2
CROSS RATE:—	
New York London	4.9443 21st instant
Japan London	1/2 22nd instant
Hongkong London	1/2 7/8 22nd instant
Shanghai London	1/2 7/16 22nd instant
Java London	8.96 3/8 22nd instant
London Paris	110.88 21st instant
London Belgium	29.25 1/2 21st instant
London Switzerland	21.55 3/4 21st instant
London Berlin	12.32 1/2 21st instant
London Stockholm	19.39 1/2 21st instant
London New York	4.94.30 21st instant
London Amsterdam	8.98 5/8 21st instant
London Italy	93.90 21st instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Quiet near. Steady forward.	
Gold	£7-0-6 1/2 19th instant
Gold	£7-0-6 1/2 21st instant
Silver London Ready	19 15/16 19th instant
Silver London Ready	19 13/16 21st instant
Silver London Forward	19 15/16 19th instant
Silver London Forward	19 7/8 21st instant
Silver New York Ready	45 19th instant
Silver New York Ready	45 21st instant
London Discounts 3 months	23/32 per cent 19th instant
London Discount 3 months	3/4 per cent 21st instant
London Discounts 6 months	3/4 per cent 19th instant
London Discounts 6 months	3/4 per cent 21st instant
Reserve Bank Rate	3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate	2 per cent
MONEY:—	
Call	3/4 per cent.
3 months	1 1/4 per cent.
6 months	1 1/4 per cent.
Tone: Quiet.	

Indian Sterling Loans

London, June 21

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	76 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	90 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	106
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	110 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	113 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	111
3 per cent 1949/52	88 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	74 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	100 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	100 3/4

Produce Receipts

Bombay, June 22.

	Cwts.
Wheat	4,059
Linseed	2,639
Gingellyseed	121
Groundnuts	1,135
Castorseed	526
Rice	54,096
Myrabollams	1,201
Cottonseed	4,943
Mowraseed	435
Gram	432
Joowar	833
Bajree	1,393
Indian Sugar	2,021
	Tons.
Coal	958

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: July 188 October 186 at cross rate 4.94 1/2

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 225/8 Liverpool July 6.76 Rs. 69 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 231/8 Liverpool May 1938 6.82 Rs. 65 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1937 225/8 New York July 12.05 Rs. 45 1/2 at cross rate 4.94 1/2

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 231/8 New York May 12.25 Rs. 44 at cross rate 4.94 1/2

Tired Liquidation In Steels

REALISING IN COTTON SHARES

Undertone Weak But Sellers Cautious

BOMBAY, June 22.

The local Share Bazar opened steady and improved few points on scattered buying but later on prices registered a sharp decline on professional unloading.

In the absence of any support the undertone of the market was weak but towards the close there was scattered covering which saved the market from a further decline.

Apparently there was no any special reason for to-day's decline but those who were on the long side seemed tired owing to absence of follow-up on the rise.

In the absence of any important speculative interest prices are moving within a trading range and moderate rise on a fall makes the market overbought or oversold.

Recently cotton mill shares are drawing increased attention of the market. There was considerable short covering in Bombay Dyeings and they were quoted at Rs. 905 but later on weakened in sympathy with weakness in Steel shares; but sellers were cautious.

Tata Steel Deferreds opened at Rs. 1,455 and after advancing to Rs. 1,475 declined to Rs. 1,407 and later on steadied at Rs. 1,412. Ordinary shares also after touching Rs. 334 eased off to Rs. 326.

There being general meeting of the members of the Native Share and Stock Brokers Association, the markets will open late on Wednesday.

TEXTILE SHARES
BOMBAY, June 22.

100	Ahm Advance (Rs 8)	296 4
250	BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	887 8
100	CENTURY	183 12
100	CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	261 4
100	COLABA (Rs. 5)	173 12
100	Coorla	10[illegible]
250	Davia	75 0
250	Dawn (Rs. 10)	360 0
1	E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0 6 0
100	Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	134 6
100	GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	176 4
1000	[illegible]	[illegible]
100	Indore	50 0
100	Khatau (Rs [illegible])	[illegible]
100	KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	315 0
250	Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	575 0
[illegible]	Madras United	11 0
1000	Morarji (nil)	905 0
250	Model	50 10
50	MYSORE (Rs 3)	110 0
100	NEW GREAT (nil)	223 12
100	Oosmanshah. (Re 1)	42 8
100	Phoenix (10)	250 0
25	SASSOON Silk (Rs 2)	62 8
1000	Sholapur (Rs 50)	2000 0
50	SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-8)	85 10
100	SWADESHI (Rs. 4)	238 12
100	Swan mill	102 8
500	Vishnu (Rs 50)	1,325 0
1000	Western (Rs. 40)	805 0
	BANKS	
50-100	Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	112 8
25-50	Central (As. 12)	32 10
500	Imperial (Rs. 30)	1535 0
125-500	I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	377 8
50-100	India (Rs. 2-8)	136 4
100	Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	129 8
5	Union (As. 4)	3-9-6
	CEMENTS	
100	Associated [illegible]	150 0
10	BUNDI (Rs. 10)	37 12
200	Coimbatore (Rs. 10)	180 0
70	Gwalior (Rs. 4)	130 10
160	INDIAN (Rs. 24)	477 8
40	Katni Def.	2200 0
100	KATNI ORD (Rs. 10)	370 0
75	Okha (Rs. 12)	287 8
10	PUNJAB (As. 12)	28 4
100	SHAHABAD (Rs. 15)	476 4
70	United (Rs. 5)	146 0
	INSURANCE	
100-500	Empire (Rs. 14)	1005 0
15-100	Jupiter (As. 12)	15 8
15-75	New India (Rs. 4)	42 8
20	Mercantile	55 [illegible]
200	Oriental (125)	5200 0
10-50	Vulcan (As. 8)	7 12
	ELECTRIC	
100	Ahmedabad Old (6)	171 4
1.000	Andhra Valley (Rs. 45)	1655 0
10	Ajmer (As. 4)	13 8
50	B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	150 5
100	B'Bay SUB.	182 8
10	Broach	14 0
100	Karachi (4)	277 8
100	Poona (4)	225 0
100	Surat (Rs. 6)	211 4
100	TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	177 3
1000	TATA POWER (Rs 40)	13160 0
	RAILWAYS	
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	932 3
100	C. Province	96 4
100	Dhond Baramati	97 0
100	Gujarat	93 8
100	Mandra Bhen	97 4
100	Pachora Jamner	94 8
100	Sara Sirajgunj	101 0
500	Tapti Valley	768 12
	MININGS	
10	SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 8)	60 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF. (Rs. 7-8)	1412 8
75	TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 7-8)	325 0
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	305 0
50	BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 8)	161 4
200	B'bay Safe Dep (Rs 40)	900 0
250	BOM STEAM (Rs 13-12)	272-8
125	B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	680-0
50	Do. Conty. (Rs. 6)	228 12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-0-6
50	B. TELEPHONE (Rs. 1-8)	115-0
9	Burma Corp. (As. 8)	11-2
2sh.	Indian Copper	3-1
10	Indian I and Steel	40-0
100	I BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	132-8
50	I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	40 8
100	I. Radio Defd (12)	590 0
100	I. Radio Ord (15))	535 0
1,000	Port Canning (Rs 25)	606 4
15	Scindia (Re. 1)	25-11
30	PREMIER CON.	90-0
25	Tata Oil (nil)	27-8
	PREFERENCE.	
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1545 0
6	p.c Bombay Steam	300 0
7	p. c. Bom. Tram (TF.)	85-0
5	p. c. Central India (T.F.)	511-4
7	p.c. Katni 1st	138 2
7	p.c. Katni 2nd (T. F.)	146 4
7½	p.c Punjab Cement	12 0
6-1/4	p.c. Prem Const 1st	103 0
6 1/4	p.c Prem Const 2nd	99 8
7	p.c Tata Hydro	153 12
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1547 8
6	p.c Tata Steel 1st	196 0
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	163-8
7	p.c. Vishnu	650 0
	DEBENTURES.	
3-3/4	p.c Andhra Valley	101 0
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	109 8
4	p.c Bom Telephone	51 12
7	p.c Sholapur	81 4
5	p.c Tata Hydro	110 0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward List.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, June 22

Bombay Dyeing (900) 906 912 903 905 897 887
Century (183/12) 188 187 182 183
Central India (263/12) 267 261
Kohinoor (317/8) 317 321 316 315
New Great (231/4) 228 232 228
Simplex (86/4) 88 86 85
Swadeshi (239/6) 245 243 245 240 238
Bundi (38/4) 38/4 37/12
I Cement (487/8) 487 479 480 477
Punjab (28/4) 28/4
Shahabad (483/12) 483 481 477 476
Andhra (1657/8) 1655
Tata Hydro (177/3) 177
Tata Power (1387/8) 1390 1372 1357 1365 1357 1360
Tram Ord (150/5) 150
T Steel Defd (1455) 1455 1472 1462 1470 1440 1447 1425 1432 1407 1412
T Steel Ord (330) 331 334 332 333/8 328 329/8 324 325
Tata Steel 2nd pref (164/4) 164/4 163/8
Bellapur (162/8) 162
B Steam (275) 273 275
B Burma (687/8) 690 693 682 678 679 688

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, June 21

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amr Gas and Electric	31
Ame Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	47
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	66
Electric Bond Common	15
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	33
United Corporation	4
American Tel and Tel	163 1/4
Western Union Telg	49 3/4
Baltimore and Ohio Railway	26
Chesapeake and Ohio Railway	51
Erie Railway	14
Great North Pfd Railway	50
New York Central Railway	37 3/4
Delware and Hudson	37
Bethelehem Steel	80
Ludlum Steel	30
National Steel	77
United S Steel	95 1/2
Amr Car Foundry	52
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	14
Anaconda Copper Mining	49 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	57 1/4
Chrysler	100
General Motors	49 1/4
General Electric	52
Barnsdall Oil	24
Consolidated Oil	15
Socony Oil	19 1/4
Chase Bank	48 1/2
National City Bank	42
Amerex	24 3/4

Market very dull. No selling pressure. Turnover 420,000 shares.

Alexandria Cotton

September	44.45—20
SAKELS—	
July	17.32+00
November	18.02—00
ASHMOUNI—	
June	15.66—34
August	15.28—16
December	14.22—12
GIZA—	
July	16.62+34
November	16.42—10

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

London, June 17

	This week £
Total bullion	322,200,000
Public deposit	10,000,000
(a) Other deposits	139,400,000
Government securities	101,300,000
(b) Other securities	23,900,000
Notes and coin	42,400,000
Notes in circulation	479,800,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	28.36 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include Bankers	102,300,000
(b) Other securities include discounts and advances	3,700,000

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1937

Viceregal Message Leaves India Cold!

Congress Circles Unimpressed

No Solution Of Impasse

MAHATMA DECLINES TO SAY ANYTHING

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Despite all the advance publicity given to the Governor-General's message to India, a "Chronicle" representative found that it had made no impression on the public, who were eagerly expecting that Lord Linlithgow's breaking of silence on the constitutional deadlock, would help considerably in the solution of the present dead-lock.

Responsible Congress circles in the city are not in any way impressed by the message. Nothing new has been mentioned and there does not appear to be any intention on the part of the Government, to do anything to relieve the dead-lock.

BOMBAY CONGRESS VIEW

Congress circles in Bombay are reticent to express their views publicly on the Viceroy's message to India and prefer not to say anything at this stage in view of the fact that the Congress Working Committee is to meet shortly to consider the question.

It is recognised that the constitutional deadlock issue has reached a stage when a grave decision has to be arrived at one way or the other, which would definitely shape the future of the country.

From talks I have had with Congress leaders, now in the city, I gather that the Viceroy's message has not in any way improved the position. As a matter of fact one prominent Congress leader remarked that the message had spoilt the conciliatory effect of Lord Stanley's statement in the House of Commons.

"When it was announced that the Viceroy would make a pronouncement on the constitutional deadlock issue, it was thought that between Simla and Wardha, he would at least come up to Delhi, but his statement shows that he has spoken from the hills" was the remark of a veteran Congress leader when asked as to what he thought about the Viceroy's message. After a careful perusal of the 5,000 and odd words, the leader felt that the Viceroy need not have made that pronouncement at all. It did not advance the position any further and the Congress and the Government were where they were before.

The message was a mere paraphrase of what Lord Zetland had stated so far regarding the deadlock issue.

STING IN THE TAIL.

The sting of the whole message, the Congress circles think, is in its tail, namely, the last paragraph. They take it as a threat and would welcome the threat being put into action. They would welcome the Governors taking over charge of the administration in six provinces where the Congress was in a majority as refusal to give an assurance not to interfere would be tantamount to the Governor carrying on the administration as he likes with the Ministers being there nominally.

Viceroy indicate that the Government is more than ready to meet the Congress half-way? The answer is, if the spirit of the Viceroy's speech be criterion, 'Yes'; if the actual concession he makes to the ultimate demand of Mahatma is the criterion, 'No'."

The paper adds, "The Viceroy's speech, however unsatisfactory it be in the actual concessions made, is couched in a strikingly conciliatory tone such as we missed in Lord Zetland's first utterance on the subject in the House of Lords. There is reason to believe that the refusal of the Congress to compromise on any vital point has not been without its effect".

The "Patrika" adds, "after this speech of the Viceroy, the Congress may accept office with colours flying, and, if it preserves its unity, which we ardently hope it will, the acceptance of office will not diminish its strength. It is our considered opinion that a break now after the Viceroy's speech will be inadvisable".

CALCUTTA JOURNAL WELCOMES TONE OF SPEECH

CALCUTTA, June 22.

Under the caption "A Gesture of Conciliation?" the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" in a leader refers to Lord Stanley's assurance in the House of Commons that the Government was more than ready to meet the Congress half-way and asks, "Does the long-expected statement of the

VICEROY HAS BUILT GOOD BRIDGE

It's Strong, Graceful And Serviceable, Says "Statesman"

CALCUTTA, June 22.

Commenting on the Viceroy's message the "Statesman" in a leader on the 22nd June observes that after more than three months of silence on the constitutional issue the Viceroy has now delivered a message to India which is likely to become historic.

We believe that it is an inspiration given to the Viceroy to bring over the narrow chasm a bridge at once light, strong, graceful and serviceable over which those majorities can now pass. For, Lord Linlithgow, without taking away a jot from either the letter or spirit of the Act found means of doing what the Congress asked for. He has given them an assurance that the Governors will not use their special powers and set aside the advice of the ministers in regard to their constitutional activities in no case would the ministers have to bear, in the eyes of the public, the responsibility for the exercise of the special powers of which they have disapproved.

The most valuable, says the "Statesman", is the Viceroy's clear recognition of the fact that the Congress leaders' misgivings and misunderstandings are genuine and not prompted by purely destructive energy or by a desire to make trouble.

The Viceroy extends a free and full invitation to the majority party in the six provinces to come integrally into the shelter of the constitution to find their legitimate satisfactions in advancing free self-governing institutions in the British Commonwealth of Nations.

Concluding the "Statesman" says it is our opinion, that the vital interest for India's peace and prosperity and for the British Empire also this organised political party should find satisfaction inside the constitution.—

A public meeting was held on Monday under the auspices of the B.P.C.C. in Jinnah Hall to observe "Zanzibar Day." Mr. K. Natarajan is addressing the gathering.

Statement Gives No Solution

The "Advance" under the caption "No Solution" writes "At long last, Simla has spoken, but the much sought for clearing of the house is not yet in sight. The Viceroy's message is not encouraging, except in the tone of presentation, which, of course, marks a decisive improvement on Whitehall and some provincial headquarters.

"Lord Linlithgow has delivered the message, but there is a significant hint that he cannot deliver the goods. At the worst, the message is a failure once again from the political standpoint; at the best it is a restatement in clear and positive terms the position envisaged by the Act and the Instrument of Instructions to the Governor".

"At Last The Viceroy"

Under the caption "At Last the Viceroy" the "Anand Bazar Patrika", a vernacular daily, regrets the much-talked-of message did not help the Congress leaders in arriving at a solution of the present problem.—A. P.

"Tribune" And "Military Gazette" On Statement

LAHORE, June 22.

Commenting on H. E. the Viceroy's message, "The Tribune" says that the message does mark an advance. The assurances given by Lord Zetland have now been given by the Viceroy on the combined authority of himself, the Secretary of State and the Provincial Governors.

That being so, all who consider those assurances satisfactory will agree that, the stage has been reached when Congress can safely accept office in terms of Delhi resolution.

"The Civil and Military Gazette" observes: "We earnestly hope that in view of the exhaustive survey by H. E. the Viceroy, on problems which the Congress has raised in the six provinces by refusal to form Ministries, the Congress will think thousand times before it comes to a decision which may interrupt at this critical juncture the rhythm and momentum to continuous progressive political reform in India."—United Press.

CONGRESS VICTORY

Satara Seat Secured Withou Contest

Mr. C. Patil, the Congress candidate, for the Satara seat has been declared elected. There was no other candidate.

"SIND OBSERVER" ON VICEROY'S STATEMENT

KARACHI, June 22.

Commenting on the Viceroy's statement the "Sind Observer" says that the statement of Lord Linlithgow makes no advance in the present position as explained by Lord Zetland.

His observations with regard to the exercise of individual judgment and discretion of Governors besides special responsibilities are a little disquieting. His concluding words that Government will suspend the constitution if forced to do so savour as an ultimatum to the Congress.

He wants us to understand that the last word has been said by Government on the subject. It is for Congress now to consider the whole situation and give a suitable reply. We earnestly wish that the Congress decision will be in favour of forming ministries.—A. P.

QUIT ORDER FOR DETHRONED MAHARAJA?

(From Our Correspondent.)
DOHAD, June 22.

It is understood that the dethroned Maharaja of Kushalgarh State who is camping here has been asked by the Political Department to shift to Godhra.

It will be recalled that the Maharaja was dethroned six months ago.

Efforts are being made to reinstall him. The sister-in-law of the Maharaja who was here for the last few days left suddenly for an unknown place.

EDITOR'S APPEAL DISMISSED

Security Of Communist Weekly Forfeited

LAHORE, June 21.

The full bench of the Lahore High Court consisting of Messrs. Coldstream, Bhide and Din Mohammed, after hearing the arguments which lasted a day and a half dismissed this afternoon the appeal of Gurmukhsingh, keeper of the "Kirti," a Communist weekly of Amritsar, against the order of the local Government forfeiting the Paper's security of Rs. 2,000.

The ground of the alleged forfeiture was the publication of three articles and one cartoon, one of which is alleged to have criticised a native State so as to contravene the Princes Protection Act. The other two professed to adumbrate Socialist and Congress programme.—A. P.

WOMAN KILLED BY LIGHTNING

PATNA, June 22.

An old woman was killed yesterday struck by lightning in the village of Kurthi, a suburb of Patna.—United Press.

Toll Of Nanga Parbat Tragedy: All Except One Killed

Dr. Wien leader of the ill-fated Nanga Parbat Expedition, who was also killed.

A Simla telegram, dated Tuesday says:—

The Associated Press learns officially, that Herr Luft is the sole survivor of the German expedition which was recently overwhelmed by an avalanche on Mount Nanga Parbhat.

Dr. Wien, the leader of the expedition has perished with the other climbers.—A.P.

B. P. DENIES PRESS REPORT

In response to a cable sent by Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., Provincial Scout Commissioner, Bombay, to the Chief Scout of the World asking him about his reported statements, Lord Baden-Powell has sent a Cablegram which runs as follows:—

"TOTALLY DENY ALLEGATION CONVEYED THROUGH PRESS REPORT."

BADEN POWELL.

CONGRESS MUST FIGHT FOR STATE SUBJECTS

Prof. Indra's Resolution Before A. I. C. C.

Professor Indra, President of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee has forwarded the following resolution to the A.I.C.C. "As India is one and indivisible and as the Congress stands for the same civic, democratic and political liberties of the States as for those of the people of British India, the A.I.C.C. directs the Working Committee to take measures to—

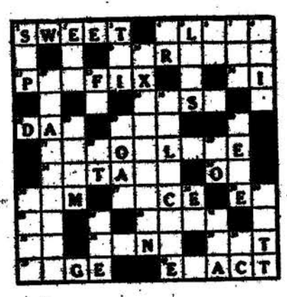
(1) Investigate the political and economic conditions prevailing in the States.

(2) To collect authoritative information from the States regarding the enjoyment of fundamental rights of citizenship, press and labour laws, the agrarian situation, incidence of taxation, the privy purse of the princes, and allied questions of general interest.

(3) To suggest an effective machinery to convey the message of the Congress to the masses living in the States and to report before the next session of the A.I.C.C. on means of securing responsible Government and fundamental rights for the State subjects."

Baron von Neurath's visit to London has been postponed according to an official announcement which says that the situation due to repeated attacks of "Reds" in Spain on German warships prevents the absence of Baron von Neurath from Berlin.

CHRONICLE CROSSWORD No. 2



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Closing Date
Thursday
24
June, 1937.

Entry coupons appeared in our Sunday Editions of 6th, 13th, and 20th, June, 1937.

ENTRANCE FEE 8 ANNAS.

Gandhiji On Viceroy's Statement

Working Committee Decision Cannot Be Anticipated

WARDHA, June 22.

The Associated Special Correspondent greeted Mahatma Gandhi early in the morning to-day in his hut at Shegaon village with a copy of the "Viceroy's message to India".

The Mahatma who was having discussions with Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and other workers asked the correspondent to wait for a few minutes. In fifteen minutes the Mahatma called in the correspondent. Mahatma Gandhi handed back the Viceroy's statement which had been sent in earlier to the correspondent and asked him to read it aloud for the benefit of himself and others present.

Mahatma Gandhi attentively listened while the correspondent read the entire message slowly.

At the conclusion of reading Mr. Gandhi asked the correspondent "Now what do you want?".

On being told his reaction to the statement was wanted, the Mahatma shrugged his shoulders and beckoned the correspondent to take down the following statement:—

"I have listened to the Viceroy's statement most attentively but I am sorry I cannot make any statement. The Congress Working Committee will finally decide on July 5 "on the grave issue" that is before country and I hope that no Congressman will want to anticipate the decision of the Working Committee and offer criticism".

Shegaon's Good Luck

The conversation then turned to Shevgaon village folk. Mahatma Gandhi said the village had considerably improved and there were better cows in the village than elsewhere in Wardha. The people were healthy and they had plenty of fresh air, even more than he, because they were bold people, not sophisticated.—A. P.

RAJEN BABU KEEPS MUM

PATNA, June 22.

Interviewed by the "United Press" in connection with His Excellency the Viceroy's message broadcast last night, Babu Rajendra Prasad, who is now staying in his village home at Chapra, declined to say anything.

Rajen Babu proceeds to Fyzabad on June 24 to preside over the District Political Conference to be held there.—United Press.

C. R. Declines To Comment

MADRAS, June 22.

Interviewed by the "United Press" to give his opinion on the Viceroy's message, Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar declined to say anything as he was of the opinion that no purpose could be served by any responsible Congressman giving his views out in advance of the meeting of the Congress Working Committee that had been announced already.

The Working Committee would consider the situation and decide. —United Press.

Flockhart Elected To Sind Assembly

KARACHI, June 22.

The bye-election to the Sind Assembly from Karachi City, Europeans Constituency, due to the resignation of Mr. D. N. O'Sullivan on his appointment as Public Prosecutor, resulted as follows:—

J. J. Flockhart,	169
J. Fraser,	106
W. A. Myatt	31

The last named loses his deposit.—A.P.

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